at Frankfort.

STATE TREASURER NOMINATED. It is Ratified by Union Caucus. SPEECH OF GEN. PALMER.

[Correspondence of the Union Press.]
FRANKFORT, May 24, 1865.
On Tuesday afternoon the Union State
Executive Committee met according to call. Hon. Tucker Woodson in the Chair. After consultation it was agreed to invite one Union man from each Congressional District to act with the Committee in selecting a candidate for the office of State Treasurer. The general feeling seemed to be in favor of nominating Col. Geo. T. Wood, of Hart county, who being present asked that the Committee would not put his name in nomination, as pressing private business would not allow him to make the canvass.

The Committee then adjourned to meet at the committee room of the House of Representatives at 7 o'clock, that being half an hour prior to the meeting of the Union Caucus. At the hour appointed the Committee met, and after full discussion nominated Capt. W. L. Neale, of Madison county, as the Union candidate for State Treasurer. After authorizing a committee to prepare an address to the people of Kentucky, the

meeting adjourned.

A 8 o'clock the Union caucus was called to order in the hall of the House of Representatives, Col. Geo. T. Wood called to the Chair, and Col. A. G. Hodges appointed

The chairman of the Union State Executive Committee, Hon. Tucker Woodson, announced to the caucus that Capt. W. L. Neale, of Madison, had been nominated as the Union candidate for State Treasurer. the Union candidate for State Treasurer. On motion the nomination was unanimously ratified by the caucus. Capt. Neale accepted the honor, and pledged himself to exert every honorable effort to secure success. Capt. Neale, if elected, will make a first rate officer. Judge Bush, of Winchester, made a capital speech, and called up Gen. Palmer, a report of whose speech we copy from the Cincinnati Commercial: WE NEED ORGANIZATION.

The first want of the Union party of Kentucky is organization. Perhaps I may bore the Union men of Kentucky with whom I converse by continually pressing this thing upon their attention, but organization bears to political results very much the same re-lation that the ancient orator supposed that action bore to eloquence. You recollect that he said, what was necessary for elo-quence was action—action—action. I say organization—organization—organization.
Without it success is as impossible in political as in military operations. I need not indicate to you any methods of organization. They will occur to yourselves.

UNION NEWSPAPERS' STRENGTH. The second thing I would suggest is a careful investigation of what I call your newspaper strength. All of us are aware of the paper strength. All of us are aware of the power of the press. I think, from my observation, that there are a number of influential and useful newspapers in the State that cordially co-operate with you. They ought to be adopted and supported. Their issues ought to be circulated. They ought to be put in the hands of all the reading men of the State. There is another class of newspapers in the State, whose position is not very well defined, and, in my judgment, it is incumbent upon the Union party to require of those who conduct them a frank and full explanation of their views, and thus you can organize what may be and thus you can organize what may be called your newspaper strength.

CONCERT WITH STATE OFFICIALS, uld also advise a full and thorough consultation, and frank explanation, between the Union party and the State officials. I have had the pleasure of meeting a number of your State officers, some of whom I have thought "sound," and some may be doubtful. I think the position of all State officers should be defined to the Union party of the State. You ought to secure the full, frank and cordial co-operation of all State officers who will agree with you in opinion. You ought to allow no differences in the past to separate you if you are together on the great questions of to-day. I hoped to find the Chief Exec utive of the State present to-night. I am satisfied, from what I know that it needs but frankness to bring him in perfect harmony and sympathy with the Union party of the State.

REVISE OF FEDERAL APPOINTMENTS, REVISE OF FEDERAL APPOINTMENTS.
I think, also, that there ought to be a thorough revision of the list of Federal appointments in the State. [Applause.] We are all virtuous, I know, and I would not intimate that there is a man in the State who can be controlled by Federal patronage. However, there ought to be, as I say, a thorough revision of the Federal appointments on the civil and military list and it. ments on the civil and military list, and i there is a man in the State, holding office un der the General Government whose heart is not with the true Union farty, you ought to make immediate application for his re-moval. If you fail to do it, you yourselves are to blame and not the Government. I have but a single case in my mind, though there may be more. A postmaster in a lit-tle town in the State, called a convention the other day of conservative men, as he styled it—the constitutional, extra-double-distilled conservatives. If I had control of that appointment, I would say like the Dutch actor in the play, "off mit his head." [Laughter and applause.] You ought to revise the list, and if you find men too constitutionally conservative to act with the friends of the Union in the State, I would take off their heads. I would insist upon the appointment being conferred upon men who can act in harmony with the aims of the Government. Upon that point I desire to be very distinctly understood. I would not confine it to mere civil appointments, but let it embrace both civil and military, and be complete and thorough.

ALLOW NO NEUTRALITY.

I would then, after having organized and having ascertained your resources, in the press and in such State officers as sympathize with you, and in the revision of the list of Federal appointments, I would commence an open, offensive campaign, in which there should be no neutrals. [Applause.] I would fight my enemies because they were my enemies, and I would fight most role because they were not would fight. neutrals because they were not my friends. That is a sufficient reason. It is the only method by which success is possible, in any method by which success is possible, in any organization, civil or military. If a man is your enemy, open and distinct, well defined in his plans, strike him. If a man is neutral—neither hot nor cold—neither your friend nor your enemy, strike him, because he is not your friend—but strike, [Applause,] Let there be no neutrals, no political cow-hove on this question that crystally a driven to either alternative, to say, "Take your musket; you can do less harm with that than with your votes." Therefore you must have a right to vote must vote; those who have not a right, must not vote. It is for the Union men to proclaim it for the Union men to proclaim it is a plain. good Lord and good devil, not knowing into whose hands they will fall. Let them understand it is more dangerous for them understand it is more dangerous for them to fall into your hands then into envisors.

OBJECT OF ORGANIZATION. But this organization is not for the mere ourpose of organization. It is to attain an purpose of organization. It is to attain an end that you deem essential to the welfare of our common country. And first, the distinguishing feature of the Union party officers of this department. So far as I am of Kentucky is presented by its name. It is and ought to be, and must be distinguished for its devotion to the Union [applause]; and, I may say that you are as well-defined by what you are not as by what you are not as by guished for its devotion to the Union [applause]; and, I may say that you are as well-defined by what you are not as by what you are not the men who believed, during the struggle of the Government with this gigantic rebellion, that the country could be saved by no more men and no more money. You cannot be of the men who think that, the experiment of war having failed, the Government must come down on its knees, and resort to negotiation. You are for the country and for the Government. The name you have assumed sufficiently explains your purpose. You are necessarily opposed to all those who are in arms against the Government themselves, or who sympathize with

Meeting of the Union Committee those who are in arms against the Govern-

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.
The practical issue of your organization and its results, is, opposition to slavery, and a demand for its overthrow, by the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment, the control of the Constitutional Amendment and the control of the Constitutional Amendment. adoption of the Constitutional Amendment. That, in itself, is a plain, tangible proposition. As has been suggested by the gentleman who preceded me, you will be answered in your appeals by one single class of arguments. You will be told that you are in favor of negro equality, and a great many good men may be misled to believe it. The best way to answer those who charge negro equality upon you, is the way harge negro equality upon you, is the way heard Mr. Lincoln answer a man in Illi-nois. The man charged Mr. Lincoln with

"Mutton het and mutton cold, Mutton young and mutton old, Mutton tender and mutton tough, In the name of God, haven't you got enough?"

APPEAL TO PREJUDICE. But the hour is past, I hope, when free-men are to be influenced by the lowest and men are to be influenced by the lowest and dirtiest appeals to our nature. The time has come, I hope, when great questions can be discussed without these low appeals to low prejudices. If these men shall succeed in convincing the people of Kentucky that it is possible to place negroes on an equality with them, then I shall despair for the people of the State. I have listened to men argue that some were in favor of making the people of the State. the negro the equal of the white man, and I have seen men indignant at the suggesn. But no man need fear the verdict of the people upon an issue of that sort, because the people have no such apprehension. And those politicians, who argue that it is possible to put the negro on an equality with the white man, must have a very poor opinion of their audiences. If I believed it was possible to put the negro upon an equality with you, my opinion of you would be very much lowered indeed. These gentlemen think the people are asses when they talk to them of negro equality.

GOVERNMENT PATRONAGE. You will receive the assistance of the General Government in the proper use of the Government patronage. I am authorized to say, and I know it is true, that the Administration desires that its power will be employed for the support of the true Union party of this State. But that patron-age must be directed and controlled by you,

we shall have protection.

The next point is, you will be protected all over the State of Kentucky. [Applause.]
To secure this, there must be an active political organization, to the support of which these forces can be directed. It must be active in all paris of the State, and I take it upon myself to say, and I say what I know to be true, that wherever in this State of Kentucky, during the coming canvass, the rue, earnest Union men wish to appear and to speak, they shall be protected in speak-ing. The time has passed, in this country, when free speech is to be understood as the liberty of mouthing treason. If I desired an inscription upon my monument, after I have passed from this earth, it should be, "Here lies the champion of free speech." But that free speech does not imply that the traducer of the Government, and the defamer of the principles upon which it is founded, shall be protected in his lying utterances. There be protected in his lying utterances. There are a certain class of questions that men may discuss, but there are questions that do not admit of discussion. You have the right to discuss the principles of the Government, and you have the right to freely criticise the actions of every public man, but you have no right, either with the bayonet, or with a lying, slanderous tongue, to stab the vitals of the Government; and when the recording angel shall, at the last n the recording angel shall, at the last day, inquire into the conduct of men with respect to the deeds done in the body, the darkest and blackest recorded there will be the lying villainies embodied in the words ttered by the friends of the traitors who

have brought this war upon the country.
[Applause.] I would not judge a man very c osely by what he said. I would give him the benefit of a literal construction in the matter of words, but my idea is that a man has no right to utter treason, not be-lieving it, or to utter treason, believing it. In one case, he is simply a liar, and in the other he is a traitor. In either case, those in power owe it to the loyal people of this State that his mouth shall be closed. [Ap-

The freedom of elections will be maintained in this State. I am for the right of free suffrage to every man who has the right to exercise it. But there are some men who have forfeited that right. I un-derstand that a gentleman from down the derstand that a gentieman from down the river, whose first name is that of the man who sat at the rich man's table (alluding to Lazarus Powell), says that he has got the law so passed that shoulder-straps cannot interfere in the elections. Well, the shoulder-straps that would interfere illegally ought to be taken off. It is true that once in a while the public safety is the law, once in a while the public safety is the law, and it may be necessary to lay the military hands gently upon traitors, that they may not get the advantage of true Union men; but that is an exception, just as the exercise of the right of self-defense is an exception in the rule of individuals. The rule is, that the freedom of elections must be maintained, and the laws of elections must be enforced. By the laws of your State certain classes of men are not entitled to vote. They are bound to keep the peace; and I am in favor of their continuing in and I am in favor of their continuing in bonds. I would propose that these bonds shall operate in the nature of naturalization laws. The foreigner comes into this country a republican in the land of his birth, devoted to our institutions, but he is ignorant of our language, and we require of him five years' probation, that he may learn to do that which his heart desires. These men are enemies of the Government, and the mildest view we can take of them is, that they are ignorant of its principles, and five years probation would be a very short term for them to serve, I think. I know that the hand which has just laid down a rebel musket should not be allowed to pick up a ballot. As I have remarked before, the Union men of the State would, I think, be better off, if they were driven to either alternative, to say, "Take your musket; you can do less harm with understand it is more dangerous for them to fall into your hands than into anybody else's, and you will get them.

that all who are entitled to vote shall vote, and that none others will. [Applause.] You cannot be too plain on this subject in talking to rebels.

ASSURANCES THAT MEAN SOMETHING.

DAILY UNION PRESS.

THE SPEECHES IN THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT ON THE OCCASION OF AN ADDRESS TO THE QUEEN ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN, WITH SOME COM-MENTS THEREON.

The two houses of the British Parliament in order to exhibit the sentiments of the people they represent, Lords and Commons, have in the customary way united in an address to the Executive, the Queen, requesting her in any communication she nois. The man charged Mr. Lincoln with being in favor of negro eqality, and Mr. Lincoln asked him if he was in favor of it himself. "No," said the man, "I am opposed to it." "Well," said Mr. Lincoln, "if I were in your place, I would be opposed to it, because there is some danger in your case, but there is none in mine." You will have 'negro equality' served up to you in every conceivable shape. It will be like the man that the distress of the American people at the sassination of the President, and their abnorrence of the crime. The address was moved by Earl Russell in the House of Lords and by Sir G. Grey in the Commons, and the newspapers report in full the moved by Earl Russell in the House of bimself select the alternative. and the newspapers report in full the speeches made by the leaders in both houses of the two great parties of the kingdom, viz: Earl Russell for the whig or administration party and Lord Derby for the tory party in the Lords, and Sir G. Grey and Mr. Disraeli, representing respectively the same parties, in the Commons.

Considering that Earl Russell is Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, and is therefore bound to speak with diplomatic caution so as not to contravene the existing official relations of the two countries, his speech, except in one or two minor points, is unexceptionable and justifies the inference that as soon as that official relation is changed and adjusted to the new condition which recognizes the re-establishment of the power of the Government or the United States over the whole of its territory, no one will be more prompt to accord to us the full benefit of the event than Earl Russell. The speech of Sir George Grey, of the

same party, in the lower house, was not worded with such diplomatic care as Earl Russell's, but was more open in indicating that his feelings were and had been with us in the struggle. The few words by which this was shown provoked expressions of dissent from our opposers in the housemet of course by cheers from our friendsbut Sir George, having no desire to excite discussion, did not dwell on his point.

Mr. Disraeli, leader of the tory party in the house, spoke very properly and feelingly to his subject and said nothing objecionable. Lord Derby, however, in the lords, leader of the tories and premier when that party was in power, showed no such good taste. He was not able to conceal his vexation at the present condition of the rebellion and exhibited his sympathy with and admiration for that cause by ommending and glorifying the rebel leadrs for the way they had, as he asserted, conducted the war. In the face of such evidence as in all questions of state is considered conclusive, he ignored their crimes and spoke of the "manly and forbearing" course they had adopted "while struggling for everything dear to them." Indeed, he desire concerning the United States, it may be well to quote some of his commendations on the "manly and forbearing" conduct of the rebels and contrast them with facts which prove that their conduct was aggravating and barbarous beyond example in history, and that notwithstanding such forbearance and magnanimity on the part of the Government as to have exposed the Administration from some quarters to the

charge of imbecility. Here is a portion of what Lord Derby

says: liation can be offered. There may be a dif-ference of opinion as to the merits of the two parties who are contending, one for empire, the other for independence; but there can be no difference of opinion as to this: That the holiest and purest of all causes is desecrated by any attempt to promote it by a measure so infamous as this. If it was possible to believe that the Confederate authorities encouraged or sympa thized with or did not express their abhor ence at this crime, I should say they had committed what was more than a crime—a gross blunder—because a cause that requiror submitted to be promoted by crime of assassination would lose all sympathy and alienate every kindly feeling toward itself by which its supporters (Lord Derby and his compeers) may be actuated. But I am as well satisfied as I can be of anything that this detestable act of assassination is so entirely alien to the whole spirit in which the South has conducted this war—to the courageous the maply this war-to the courageous, the manly and at the same time the forbearing ourse which they have adopted in strug gling for everything dear to them—that am convinced that, apart from the error o udgment which would have been involved n sanctioning such a crime, they canco have been guilty of so great a blunder, and cannot have failed to express their detesta-tion of it; and at the same time to feel that no step which could have been taken could have inflicted so great an injury on their own cause.

The whole tenor of this extract justifies half believes that the Confederate author- duce the disease by this means into the with which, as he says, they have hitherto | probability that all the risk, labor and ex for my lord to maintain hereafter his argu- having been any rebellion, for it seems to

ment of incredulity. In regard to his lordship's present endorsement of the "manly and forbearing" course adopted by the rebels in the war, thousands of contrary instances of damn- ness unknown before to any nation ing character would appear, were we to cite | earth. every act of dishonor, perfidy, and cruelty of the armed rebels in the field, none of murder of negro teamsters, the massacre of and furnished the means to carry it out. in open battle, the rights and privileges of ism under which Union men were impovprisoners of war; but instead thereof, con- erished, maltreated, and often slain for no signing such as were not killed in cold offence, the property of Northern men was blood, to slavery in the States, destroying ruthlessly, illegally and dishonorably railroad trains and steamboats conveying seized, and even unresisting inhabitants innocent passengers, robbing and hanging | made to take part in the rebellion by press-

the skulls and rings from the bones of our out equivalent, under color of a purchase mitting instances of this character which have been innumerable during the war, we will refer only to some of those other acts which the rebel authorities directed or connived at, and for which they were directly responsible, or which belonged to the ormal condition of general barbarism of the rebel masses, adopted without dissent by the authoritles as true representatives of that barbarism. If Lord Derby be not cognizant of these acts, it must be because he has wilfully shut his eyes and ears and refused to see or hear any thing to the dis-

redit of his favorites, but if he be tamiliar with them, he must, from what he says, approve them as being within the rules of

We will cite some of these acts: 1. The plot to kidnap and carry to Richond, and failing in this, to murder the President and other officers so selected, as o check government operations, and durng the confusion to seize such advantages to the rebellion as in the expectation of those in the plot, would be sufficient to ensure the triumphant establishment of the Confederacy. The officers of the governent to be thus dealt with are known to have been, besides the President, the Vice President, Speaker of the House, Secretaries of State and of War, and the Lieuenant-General commanding the army. The plot as a coup d'etat failed, but as the world too well knows, brought death to President Lincoln and a deadly assault on Mr. Seward, Secretary of State. Not only the evidence on the trial but the internal evidence of the facts make it next to a certainty that the rebel government projected

or adopted the scheme. 2. The design of burning all the shipping sailing from Northern ports, and all the boats plying on the rivers by new devices by which the incendiaries would operate safely to themselves and with certainty, These incendiaries being ignorent men, not understanding the means but only the effect of the work in which they were engaged. From this it is clear that the effect was not to appear until some time after the means were applied: In other words, that the ship or boat would be well out on its voyage before taking fire, thus making the death of all on board almost a certainty. The evidence that the rebel authorities were engaged in this is from documents found in Richmond, one of which bears the en-

dorsement of Jeff. Davis himself. 3. The burning of Northern cities, attempted on New York, Philadelphia, and Chicago, and in New York progressing so far as to the setting fire simultaneously to all the large hotels, with their thousands of helpless inmates, the sick and the aged, and women and children-the perpetrators, reckless or perhaps even rejoicing in the anticipated horrors. This most devilish design has been well fastened on the rebel authorities, the preliminaries having been given out at Richmond; but these were not understood until the almost consummated deed and the correspondence with the reb-

els in Canada, furnished the key. 4. Abusing the hospitality of a neighboring neutral country, by organizing there and sending out bands of desperadoes, one to attack a small village on our extreme northern frontier, assaulting the harmless inhabitants, and robbing them and plundering a bank; others equipping pirate vessels in the ports of these neutrals on the lakes, or entering as passengers or crew, on a merchant steamer, and rising during the voyage and taking possession and carrying the vessel into a port of that neutral country. All these perfidious acts perpetrated more than a thousand miles from the seat of active war, were sanctioned by the rebel authorities in Richmond, and pronounced by them just, as in retaliation for damage done to the rebels on the actual battle-field.

5. The compelling continued performance f military service by thirty thousand Conederate soldiers captured at Vicksburg who had given paroles to return to their omes until exchanged. These were restrained from fulfillment of the parole but were collected together and in violation of the terms of the surrender were driven back to fight. The brazen impudence and thoroughly mendacious hypocrisy necessary to encounter the infamy of this act of perfidy could be found only in one set of nen on earth; the rebel authorities under control of the chief authority the reprobate Jeff. Davis.

6. Making mines filled with gunpowder inder Libby prison, in Richmond, the rebel Capitol, where the prisoners of war, captives in rebel hands were confined with the avowed intention of blowing up the whole in case a certain United States cavalry expedition, then in progress, should succeed in entering the city. And subsequently in the same spirit setting fire to the city when they were evacuating it.

7. The attempt of a rebel American practicing as a physician in Bermuda to infect bed-clothing and wearing apparel with the the suspicion that Lord Derby more than virus of yellow fever, designing to introities were concerned in the assassination as large cities of the United States. This devparties thereto, and hence, he attempts to lilish scheme was developed by a board of argue himself out of the belief by finding examining magistrates. It did not appear aconsistency between their abetment of on the examination that the rebel authorisuch an act and the "forbearing" course ties were accessories to the plot, but the imconducted the war. He exhibits too much pense was incurred by an individual and rexation at the "blunder" to justify confi- the close correspondence in character with dence in his sincerity when he asserts his the other vile deeds of which they were non-belief in the complicity of the rebel guilty make it entirely probable that this leaders in that blunder. The fuller proofs diabolical contrivance was their own. It developed and developing, by the trial now may at least serve to show the animus of in progress, will make it still more difficult the rebel mind, and to account for there us a necessity that the instigators must have had hearts of devils to be willing without cause, to plunge the country in an ocean of blood from a condition of happi-

Blackburn escaped to Canada, but has been arrested there, and examined, and it which the rebel authorities in the cabinet appears that the Confederate authorities condemned. Such, for instance, as the were implicated in the devilish scheme negro garrisons after surrender, or the 8. The establishment over the whole withholding from negro soldiers, captured South of an unprincipled and cruel despot-

citizens in the South, suspected of being ing them into military service besides com Union men, making drinking cups from pelling them to yield their property with-

oldiers slain at Bull Run, &c., &c. But with mock money, well known to be irredeemable and worthless.

9. The most horrible of all-subjecting the prisoners of war, captives in their hands to a system of continuous cruelty unknown in the annals of the world; starving them slowly but persistingly to death or to idiocy; freezing them naked in winter or exposing them unsheltered to the fierce rays of a Southern summer sun, and this through many long months-wantonly for the poor sufferers would have been glad to make shelter for themselves out of the ample forest near them, and food was abundant as Sherman proved. All this on an organized system of savage cruelty applied in all the Southern prisons. In one of war and not adverse to a "manly and for- them, Andersonville, full thirty thousand bearing" course, and his lordship may miserables were thus huddled together in a tockaded field, little better than a marsh and filled with fetid unisances, open to the sky exposed to the glaring sun or pelting storm, and to crown the whole, guarded by sentinels encouraged to shoot the prisoners on frivolous pretexts by promise of furoughs as rewards. All this and more has een amply established by evidence-and also the reverse in regard to rebel prisoners in our hands who fared better, except in being confined, than in the ranks of their own army-and yet-can it be believed that audacity can be carried so far-on every convenient occasion that canting scoundrel Jeff. Davis kept up an incessant lying whine about our cruelty to rebel prisoners! Let Lord Derby, when next he speaks of the "manly and forbearing course that the rebels adopted in conducting the war," explain what he means by such words in the ace of such facts.

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AND JEWELLER, No. 233 Main Street, one door above Third LOUISVILLE, KY.

MILITARY GOODS, AS SWORDS, SABRES, PIS tole, Military Trimmings, &c.
WATCHES AND JEWE LLRY REPAIRED. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLRY and MILITARY GOODS. My store having been shut for several days on account of repairing damages by fire, is now open again for transaction of business. I have on hand a large stock of Warches, Clocks and Jewelry, of the best quality; also a rull assortment of MILITARY GOODS, which I offer reduced prices. Some slightly damaged jewelry and plated will be sold cheap, regardless of cest. Personal attention paid to remaining watches.

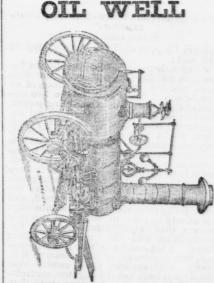
DENTISTRY. NOTICE.

REDUCTION OF PRICES.

OIL WELL MACHINERY.

OIL WELL MACHINERY! BEST PIANOS Portable Engines, Boring Tools, Pumps, Tubing, Driving Pipes,

DAVIES & CO., Washington Foundery, corner of Ninth and Main streets



TOOLS & MACHINERY

AM MANUFACTURING AND KEEP CONSTANT-ly on hand Portable and Stationery Steam Enrines, Boring Tools, and other machinery used in boring for Oil and Salt. JULIUS BARBAROUX,

ROOFING.

C. COGGESHALL, EFFERSON STREET, BET. FOURTH AND FIFTH LOUISVILLE, KY.

TIN, IRON or METAL ROOFS COGGESHALL'S BLASTIC ROOFING PAINT

Canvass Roofs.

INSURANCE. HOPE INSURANCE CO., 215 FOURTH STREET,

Louisville, Ky. Guarantee Capital, - . \$200,000

OFFICERS: r. T. SHREVE, President.
D. G. BLY, Vice President and Treasurer.
S. H. SOUTHWICK, Secretary.
D. B. DEWEY, General Agent.

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMTS

CROCERIES.

JAMES A. FRAZER. WHOLESALE GROCER

COMMISSION MERCHANT, Nos. 66 and 68 Walnut St.

Cincinnati, O. OFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SIRUPS, SPICES, &c.
Fish of all kinds and all sizep packages.
Long continuance in the trade enables me to offer special inducements to buyers.

ia9 tf

ALE.

CHAMPAGNE ALE!

TRY IT EVERYBODY:

Hand's Ale Bottling Establishm't I AM ENGAGED IN THE ALE BOTTLING BUSINESS at the corner of Main and Floyd. A speciality with me is CHAMPAGNE ALE. I am prepared to furnish it in quantities to suit purahasers. Coffee houses and consumers generally supplied prompily. Families supplied at their residences when ordered. Those who fry my chambagne Ale will be delighted with it.

G. D. HAND.

MILLS.

High Street Planing Mill

MUNROE & HATCH.

NEW ALBANY WOOLEN MILLS, State St , near River, New Alba,ny Ind. WE ARE READY TO DO CUSTOM WORK PROMPTcost of manufacturing collected on delivery of go asken out of wool. We guarantee our goods to give action. We send our price list of manufacturing plication by mail.

J. F. GEBHAAT & C. Successors to Gebhart Enkerder.

MEDICAL.

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals.

Toilet Goods, etc., COR. SEVENTH AND MARKET STS.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The co-part-nership existing between Jn., H. Griffith and Ben. S. Board under the style of Griffith & Board is this day-dissolved by mutual consent. Jno. H. Griffith will con-tinue business at the old stand, and is charged with the settlement of the old usiness.

LIVERY STABLE.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE GREAT DECLINE IN gold, by Shadoan, Dentist, has reduced his prices for Dental operations. All operations performed in a superior styl and on as reasonable to turns as any good det tist in the city. Office 522 Fifth street, opposite the Cathedral. W. H. Shadoas, W. H. Shadoas, would respect to the city. THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BOUGHT THE LIV A cry and Sale Stable of W. R. Link, on Second, between Main and Market (near the Galt House), would respect fully announce to the public that they hope, by strict st-tention to business, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

patronage.

Horses and Buggies and Saddle Horses for Hire.

Horses kept by the day, week or month.

Special attention given to the Purchase and Sale o
Horses and Mules.

WANTED.—1,000 Horses and Mules, for which the high
set marker price will be paid.

W. S. DEHONEY & CO.

AC28 dt

FAIR. TOBACCO FAIR.

NDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNC-Using to the farmers and others interested therein, that preliminary arrangements have been made for helding in the city of Louisville a ToBACCO WAIR, on WEDNESDAY, THE 7m DAY OF JUNE NEXT. A list of premums will be published at an early day. In the meantime it is most earnestly hoped that all interested in this streat staple will exert themselves to make the next exhibition at least equal interest to those of former days.

L. J. BRADFORD, ap21-tf President Kentucky Agricultural Society.

DIVIDENDS.

First National Bank of Louisville

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a semi-arrual dividend of 6 per cent. on the apital stock, payable on demand.
R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

A. V. DuPONT & CO., Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

B A B B BC BC Highest market price paid for rags 10,000 Peams assorted Wrapping

Paper: 500 Reams Straw Boards; 550 gross Bonnet Boards; 100 cases assorted Letter Paper; 1,000 reams Manilla Paper; 2,000,000 Envelopes-assorted;

> FOR SALE BY A. V. DuPONT & CO.,

409 MAIN STREET. HARDWARE.

Hardware and Cutlery. SKATES, SHOVELS AND TONGS, COAL HODS, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Ladles, Irons, Waiters, Coffee and Spice Mills, Nut Cracks, Foot Scrapers, Nails, Tacks, Brads, Locks, Latches, Bolts, Hinges, Hoeks, Traps, Hoes, Rakes, Mattocks Spades, Wheelbarrows, Ear Muffs and Tools and Builders' Hardware of every description, Wholesale and Retail by

A MeBRIDE, COLLIS ORMSBY,

Importe and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, 410 Main St., N. S., bet. Fourth and Bullitt,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

G. BAURMANN. IMPORTER AND DEALER IN FOREIGN & DONESTIC HARDWARE CUTLERY AND GERMAN GOODS,

ALSO GUNS AND PISTOLS. No. 633 Main Street between Sixth and Seventh LOUISVILLE, KY.

FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET

FOR STATE TREASURER,

Capt. W. L. Neale,

Of Madison County.

We hope none of our readers will fail to give attention to the editorial article on the first page, reviewing the speeches made in the British Parliament on the occasion of an address to the Queen on the assassination of President Lincoln.

GEN. PALMER'S SPEECH. On our first page will be found a speech

delivered at Frankfort, before the Union Caucus, by Gen. Palmer, which will command the earnest attention of Union men throughout Kentucky. It is well known to the earnest Uunion men of this State that ponents of the Administration were favored

General Palmer is too shrewd an organizer of political strength not to see that to succeed this policy must be reversed; that blacksmith. persons, either in the civil or military service, who do not agree with the main line of policy adopted by the administration thoroughly loyal men. Not only must the

ernment.

We must and can elect our ticket, if we organize and go to work.

DENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

bles and law, make an octavo volume of that madness had seized him. two hundred and twenty-four pages. We State has been infested with guerrillas, the and in general attendance:

rage number at school, 80,986. The increase the year, as shown by a comparison of these numbers with those reported for the preceding year, was as follows, to-with:

AMOUNT AND CONDITION OF THE SCHOOL FUND.

The invested common school fund of the State of Kentucky amounts, in the aggregate, to \$1,641,135 75, consisting of \$1,567,635 75 invested in State bonds, and \$73,500 on shares of the capital stock of the Bank of Kentucky. Of the bonds held by the Board of Education, four, amounting to \$308,365 74, bear interest at the rate of six 5000,000 74, bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, and five, amounting to \$1,259,270 01, interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum. The interest realized from these sources is increased by the income of a tax of five cents on every hundred dollars' worth of taxable property in the State; of a tax of fifty cents on every share of the capital stock of the Bank of Ashland, the Commercial Bank, the Farmers' Bank, while and the Commercial Bank, the Farmers' bank or the state of the stat

ed to these children out of the revenue of the school fund, preper, was \$263,417 70, affording an allowance of ninety-one cents to each child. The net balance left in the Treasury to the credit of the School Fund. Treasury to the credit of the School Fund, river.' proper, was \$1,557 33.

Commissioner Oliver Lucas reports for Jefferson county as follows: Whole number of children.

Highest number at school....... 6,953 Lowest number at school... Average number at school..

In Louisville the schools are taught ten months at a cost for each child of about \$1 75 per month.

The Board of Education consists of John M. Harlan, E. L. Vanwinkle, and Daniel Stevenson. The latter is also Superintendent of Public Instruction, who thus concludes his interesting report:

cludes his interesting report:

It is believed, however, that, by a little effort on the part of Commissioners, many of the cities and towns of the State, in which no such system of Common Schools has been established as is contemplated in the section of the law quoted, could be induced to establish graded schools. These schools are cheaper and better than any other schools which propose to accomplish the same amount of good. They can be made to combine all the advantages of the academy with those of the ordinary primary or district school, and, as Common Schools, to afford these advantages as abundantly to the poor as to the rich.

THE STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.
I had hoped to be able, sometime during the year 1864, to organize the "State Teachers' Association" provided for in the ninth ers' Association" provided for in the ninth section of the second article of the Revised School Laws, but was compelled, for several reasons, to defer the attempt for the time. It is now my purpose to organize the association this year, and the city of Lexington has been selected as the place of the meeting, the teachers of the public schools, the school officers of the city, and others, having, through the Rev. Wm. M. Pratt, the Common School Commissioner of Fayette county, expressed a desire to

have the first meeting of the Association held there. The meeting will be held sometime in July or August. The day has not yet been determined upon, but will be made in due time. The object of the Asso-ciation will be to promote the interests of education generally in Kentucky, but more education generally in Kentucky, but more especially to give greater efficiency to the Common Schools of the State, and a programme of exercises will be arranged with reference to this object.

It is hoped that every Common School Commissioner in the State, who has not already done so, will proceed at an early day to organize in his county the "County Teachers' Association," provided for in the seventh section of the fourth article of the Revised School Laws, so that, if possible, every county in the State may be represent. every county in the State may be represent-ed in the meeting at Lexington. And it should be remembered that while the Asshould be remembered that while the Association proposed to be organized is to be called the "State Teachers' Association," and is to be open to all the teachers of the State, whether connected with the Common Schools or not, it is not to be composed of teachers exclusively. Common School Commissioners and District Trustees are entitled to membership, and it is hoped that they will regard it a duty as well as a privilege to attend the meetings and participate in the exercises of the Association.

A NOTABLE MIXTURE. One of the objections made by Artemus Ward against eating raw dog was because he always wished to know what he was eating, and for that reason preferred hash. We doubt whether William Preston Johnston will think the hashing the New York Herald has made of him, a very savory dish. We give it below, it being a portion of a description of the parties captured with the late Mr. Davis:

William Preston Johnston, of Kentucky the earnest Uunion men of this State that the policy of the late Aministration towards the Union men of Kentucky was not calculated to build up or strengthen our cause at home. The patronage of the Government has been mainly in the hands of persons not in accord with the policy of Freedom. In a great many instances it was toc plain that loyalty was at a discount, and that opponents of the Administration were favored ponents of the Administration were favored and played it with much taste. He affected the character in real life and tried to be to a degree that made Copperheadism at a premium.

ed the character in real life and tried to be an indolent blase individual; but he has, doubtless, been thrown off his equanimity by late events as thoroughly as Sir Charles was by his supposed murder of the old

The William Preston Johnston referred to is the son of General Albert Sydney Johnston, who was killed at Shiloh. Pres must give way, and their places be filled by ton Johnston never filled any such character as that ascribed to him in the Herald. principal offices be filled by loyal men, but Until the demon of treason took hold of those principals must see that their subor- him, he was one of the most estimable dinates are equally true to the Government, young men of this city. He was a gen-The President of the United States is not tleman of integrity and honor, and was unaware of the condition of affairs in Ken- free from vices of any description. He tucky, and Gen. Palmer has authority for was engaged in the practice of law, ownsaying that the Union party shall have ed property in the city, and lived on a the full and unreserved support of the Gov- beautiful farm near the city. His library was of considerable excellence and it was The meeting addressed by Gen. Palmer well used. His wife, a Connecticut lady, was composed of thoroughly loyal men, gave additional charms to Mr. Johnston's and we know they endorsed, most hearti- home, and its character then was not unly, the sentiments of his speech. We feel like the glowing picture that Wirt drew sure it will renew the courage of loyal men, of the home of Blennerhassett before it and incite them to more vigorous work in was blighted by Aaron Burr's traitorous the campaign now opening throughout the projects. Its present condition, alas! is not altogether unlike Wirt's painting of the reverse view of Blennerhassett's island after the blight. There are few of the young men of Louisville whose defection ANNUAL REPORT OF SUPERINTEN- into treason was more deplored than that of William Preston Johnson. When he We are indebted to the Rev. D. Steven- started he plunged in over head and ears. son, the efficient State Superintendent, for He seemed to us, on the day he made his a copy of the report for the school year end- debut as a traitor, to be in a raging frenzy. ing December 31, 1864, which, with the ta- We talked with him and were satisfied

learn from it that, notwithstanding the THE PLAYWRIGHTS OF MOBILE. Early in May, 1861, the playwrig returns from the several counties exhibit Mobile, got up a Southern "funny" piece in the aggregate an encouraging increase entitled "Abe's Saturday or Washington in the number of common schools taught sixty days hence." The fun of the piece consisted in the surprize and capture of The number of districts reported as hav- Washington city and "the concatenation ing had Common Schools taught in them in the school year ending on the 31st day of December, 1864, was 3,432; the whole num-rebels were, of course, very successful. ber of children, between the ages of six and eighteen, reported as residing within the bounds of these districts, was 249,920; the highest number at school, 126,197; the avelowest number at school, 38,861; the avelowest number at school, 38,861; the avelowest number at school 38,861; the av get us up "Farragut in Mobile Bay and General Canby in April 1865?" The presstantly forgot the wise maxim-"let not him that putteth on his armor, boast as he that taketh it off." The traitors were always blowing about what they were going to do; the United States is able to tell what it has done.

> "An Equilibrium of Power Utterly Unattainable." For the Union Press.

Henry Clay, in the U.S. Senate, May 22, 1850, said: "I know there is a floating idea in the Southern mind, such as we heretofore have heard insisted upon, on this floor, of an equilibrium of power between the two sec-tions of the Union—some balancing power. However desirable some such political ar-rangement, if possible to render it practi-cable, might be, we all know that it is ut-terly unattainable. We all know that the rapid growth and the great progress of the Northern portion of this country is such that it is impossible for the South to keep up with it, and that it is therefore impossible to convert with it is power, pulses the teachers of the source o share of the capital stock of the share of the Commercial Bank, the Farmers' Bank, and the People's Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and occasionally by payments into the treasury of fines and forfeitures for gambling.

The property of the capital stock of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and of a tax on the surplus of the Farmers' Bank; and occasionally by payments into the treasury of fines and forfeitures for gambling.

It is utterly in vain to hope you can ever procure that equilibrium between the slaveholding and the non-slaveholding States, I hope and I believe it is unnecessary or unnecessary, it is State, between the ages of six and eighteen years, as shown by a comparison of the returns of the assessors of tax and the returns of the assessors of tax and the returns of the assessors of tax and the returns of the significant and the state of the s turns of the assessors of tax and the reports of the common school commissioners for the year 1864, was 289,470. The whole amount of money set apart and apportioned to these children out of the revenue of the school fund arrors was 8000 for the revenue of the school fund arrors was 8000 for the school fund arrors.

> WHITEWASH.-Whitewash is not only one of the cheapest and easiest modes of rendering rough wood-work sightly, but is also a capital reflector of light, so that all dark passages, alley-ways, stairs, work-shops, &c., are greatly improved by coats

The rebel General J. E. B. Stuart is the same cavalry officer who had command of all the cavalry forces in Washington at the time of Mr. Lincoln's first inauguration. Albert Pike is now said to be living in eclusion at his home in the Indian National

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Initials Stamped on Letter Paper and Enve-Visiting and Wedding Card ENGRAVING ESTABLISHMENT

STATIONERY EMPORIUM, No. 42 West Pourth Street, SHIPLEY & SMITH. cial attention given to Coloring Initials Monograms

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE LADIES' KENTUCKY UNION AID SOCIETY wish to in-

AMUSEMEI ITS.

RILL D. T. TRA WIS'S Grand Panorama and Portraiture

ARMY OF THE CU MBERLAND, ARMY OF THE CU HBERLAND,

A T MASONIC TEMPLE ONE
mencing on Taursday, May 725. Thirty-two large
and splendid scenes, including Mar
Hospitals, Mountains, Foraging
groups of Generals, etc., with man;
laughable scenes. This work is personally endorsed and
recommended by all the generals o
shows great achievements of the g. sllant old Army of the
West, and cannot fail to render ei
Programme. Tickets 50 cents; C. lidene 25 cents. MAPINES on Saturday, 27th, and Wedt
pesday, 31st, afternoons,
ma24-1w

Louisville Theater.

BENEFIT OF MISS I JEO HUDSON, will appear for the first . time in this city in the ter of DON CAESAR DE . BAZAN. MYSS ADA GRAY will apy war.

On Friday Evening, May 26, 1865, will the drama of DON CAESAR I DE BAZAN, Or, LOVE AND HONOR.

To conclude with the first Act of MAZEPPA ..

O'clock. Curtain rises ¼ before 8.

STOCK SALE. GREAT SALE

GOVERNMEN'T STOCK.

OFFICE ASSISTANT QURTER MASTER, LEXING-ton Ky., May 23, 1865. There will be sold at public auction, at the Government Corral" in LEXINGTON, KY., com. mencing

Friday, June 2d, 1865. large number of unserviceable animals, consisting of

TWO THOUSAND HORSES & MARES. TWO THOUSAND MULES. The sale will commence at 9 o'clock A, M., on FRI-DAY, JUNE 2D, and continue from day to day (Sundays

AY, JUNE 2D, and continue from day to cay (Sundays keeted) until all a e sold.
TERMS CASH, and the animals to be removed imme-iately by the purchaser.
All the Horses and mares will be sold before the sale of alles is commence!.
The attention of farmers and stock dealers is called to
is sale. The animals are very much superior to those
ually sold at condemned sales, most of them being only
morarily unserviceable, and sold because the Governmt is not likely to have farther use for them, and dees to 'nable farmers to procure good stock to raise

heir crops.

By Genmand of
MAJ. GEN, JOHN M. PALMER.
Commanding Dep't of Kentucky.
THOMAS D. FITCH, Capt. and A. Q. M.

AUGUST ELECTION.

WM. L. NEALL, of Madison county, is a candidate for State Treasurer. my25 te WE are authorized to announce CAPT. WILLIAM KNIGHT as a candidate to represent Hart county in the J. H. LOWRY, of Elkton, is a candidate for Congress in the Third District. COL. MARC. MUNDY is announced a candidate in this ne Fifth Congressional District for Congress. apl3-te M. C. TAYLOR, late colon-lof the 15th Kentucky, is a

PICNIC.

GRAND PICNIC

At WASHINGTON GROVE, near Jeffersonville, Ind. A cordial invitation is hereby tendered to our brother Feni aus of Louisville and New Albany, and to the public in general.

Tickets can be procured at the Grove. Gentlemen's tickets one dollar. Ladies free.

Omnibus s will be in attendance from Jeffersonville whaf to Washington Grove every half hour. COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

AUCTION SALES.

HIDES AND TALLOW.—WILL BE SOLD AT PUBlic auction at the United States Government Slaugh: ter House, in Nashville, Tenn., on THURSDAY, May 25th, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., 1600 Wet Salted Hides; 1600 Bblss. Tallow.

Sold Dry Hides; 100 Bblss. Tallow.

Sold Britan Scash.

Sold Henderson, Capt. and C. S.

RACING.

WOODLAWN RACE COURSE

THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1865.

Two mile heats, for \$250 a side, P. or P. . Thos. J. O'Neal names ch. m. Bettie,
R. Johnson names ch. m. Gentie Anna.

Face to commence at 3 o'clock.

Cars will leave for the Race Course at 2 o'clock. Pools for sale by Messrs. Alfriend & Co., on the ground and at the Oasis, on Green, between Third and Fourth streets. LOUISVILLE, May 23, 1865.

SUNDRIES.

100 bags choice Rio Coffee; In store and for sale by D, S. BENEDIUT & SON.

20 hhds prime Cuba Sugar;
20 " prime Porto Rico Sugar;
50 " choice New Orleans sugar;
100 bbls crushed Sugar;
20 " A coffee Sugar;
20 " B " Sugar;
25 " powdered Sugar;
1n store and for sale by

D. S. BENEDICT & SON

JAVA COFFEE-10 bags choice old Government Java Coffee. For sale by A. H. & W. O. GARDNER, Main street

SUGAR-100 HOGSHEADS CHOICE PORTO RICO Sugar in store and for sale by ma23-10t D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. ma23-10t

REFINED SUGAR. - 200 BARRELS CRUSHED,
Powdered and Granulated Sugar in store and for
sale by

D. S. BENEDICT & SONS.

100 BARBELS EXTRA CRUSHED COFFEE SUGAR in store and for sale by ma23-10t D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. 100 KEGS ENGLISH SODA IN STORE AND FOR D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. 100 BARRELS A. AND B. COFFEE SUGAR IN D. S. BENEDICT & EONS. MOLASSES-

100 bbls prime New Orleans Molasses, new crop; In store and for sale by left f

BROOMS—

25 dozen Shaker Brooms,
50 dozen plain and fancy Brooms.
For sale by

A. H. & W. O. GARDNEB,
feb27

415 Main street RICE,-22 BARRELS PATNA RICE JUST RECEIVED GARDNER & CO.

> CO-PARTNERSHIP. CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ASSOCIATED THEM-relves together for the transaction of a General Auction and Commission Business,
the style of WM. TWEDDLE & CO., and will be
at the N. W. corner of Seventh and Main streets,
lille, Ky. The 'patronage of their friends and the
generally is solicited.

DRY COODS.

ENTIRELY NEW

And will be on exhibition Monday, May

NEW YORK STORE, NEW PRICE LIST: THIRD SERIES.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

dines and Berages, Tamertines, Hernannise, Armures Mozambiques, Chalifes, Thread Poplins, Plain and Crape Berages, Jaconets, Organdies, Percals, Mohairs, etc. We shall on this occasion offer

500 spring & summer Wrappings In Lace Points, Silk Mantles, Berage, Grenadine, zambique, Silk and Shetland Wool Shawls.

In defiance of the advance in New York, these Goo together with our **ENTIRE STOCK of DOMESTIC GOODS**

including our large stock of Cl ths, Cassime ades, Kerseys, Denims, Checks, Plaids, Linens, Marseille etc., for Men's, Boy's, and Servant's wear, with 1000 doz. Hosiery, Gloves and

Underwear,

And a splendid stock of Sun Shades, Parasols and Umbrellas Will be sold utterly regardless of the advance, Being desirous to make some alterations in the internal

arrangements of our Store, our entire stock will be offe

ed very low for ten days to come. S. BARKER & CO.,

NO. 317 FOURTH STREET ENCRAVING.

TO DEALERS IN GENERAL AND AGENTS

Throughout the United States.

DEAR SIR. Your attention is respectfully called to new picture THE NATION'S beautiful engraving The Last Moments of Abraham Lincols, Pres ident of the United States, April 15, 1865."

Copy Right Secured This beautiful engraving is designed to illustrate to assage of the spirit of the President to Heaven the company of angels, who are represented as approace in ghim from the clouds, while in the distance is seen to had of Wa hington waiting the appe vance of the heavenly escort conveying the spirit of the President to to tward of the just. The for ground contains, beside the body of our lamented Chief Magistrate, likenesses the present of the persons who were present, among whom a some of our prominent statesmen and generals.

No pains have been spared to obtain and secure go rand fai-ful likenesses of each individual represente the work is executed by Max. Rosenthal, one of the best crists in the country. Size 18x23, and can be sent of ollers, safe from damage, to any part of the cuntral twill be to the interest of dealers and those desirous taking the Agency, to send in their or ters at once, befort hey are canvassed generally, thereby losing the sale many.

Sample Copies will be sent to Pealers and Agents on!

Sample Copies will be sent to Dealers and Agents only, one-half the Retail Price, which is \$2 to. The \$1 25 ust invariably be sent with the order for sample copy. All orders must be addressed to All orders must be addressed ts GEO. T. PERRY & CO., BOX 1,979, PHILADELPHIA P. O., Office and Lithograph Rooms, 327 Walnut street, s ad Story.

PETROLEUM.

PEOPLE'S

WILL BE GIVEN BY THE JEFFERSONVILLECIR-cle of the Fenian Brotherhood,

ON SATURDAY, MAY 27th,

ON THE

McElheny Farm,

Incorporated under the Law of the State of New York, December, 1864.

CAPITAL STOCK \$1,000,000

200,000 Shares

PAR VALUE, \$5 00!

Stock can be purchased in this company at the office of Geo. W. Wicks, 315 Main street, Louisville, Ky., where Mr. Thos. Hoyt, (of the well known firm of Hoyt, Barbour & Co., one of the Trustees, can be seen daily between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., he having just arrived direct from the property of the company, situated on Oil Creek, Pennsylvania, with maps and prospectus of same.

and will impart all information to those desiring to be-

THE STOCK IS ALL ISSUED IN PAYMENT OF property and is not liable to any future assessment. A limited number of shares of the stock is placed in the hands of the officers of the company to be SOLD AT \$2.50 PER SHARE.

The sum of \$50,000 (of which nearly two-thirds is already paid in) is reserved as working capital or the further development of the property.

OFFICERS: PRESIDENT-J. V. HARRIOTT, VICE-PRESIDENT—JNO. GREACEN, JR., TREASURER—OGDEN P. PELL, SECRETARY—EDWARD SCHWACOFER, COUNSEL-E. J. SPINK.

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RESIDENT ENGINEER: WILLIAM GARDNER, McElheny Farm, Pennsylvania

BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

RESIDENT SUPERINTENDENT:

NO. W. ROWE, McElheny Farm, Pennsylvania.

Notice to Billiard Players. CASH ONLY, A LL PEBSONS IN THIS STATE WHO INTEND playing Billiards at the Tournament in this city, on June 26th, for the Champion Cue, Goldet and Spoon, are requested to leave their names at the Great Western Billiard Room, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, soon as possible, or address LETOHER, Prop.

DRY COODS.

In beautiful Checked Silks, 3-4, 4-4, 6-4, 7-4 and 8-4 Grena- To Correspond with the Great Decline in Gold.

> DRESS GOODS: Fine Silk Grenadines

Grenadine Berages Handsome Silk Muslins Fine Plaid Mozambiques

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Best Printed Percals Plain French Percales Plain French Organdies Printed French Lawns

Printed Linen Cambrics 2000 yds old style Eng. Berages 4000 yds c'k and plain Ginghams Plain Poplin Alpacas all shades White, Buff and Printed Picques

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Black Mourning Silks Finest Black Bombazine Black Tamertine Berages;

Black Berages and Mozambiques Black Grenadines and Floren-

Black Grenadine, two yds wide Black Ginghams, Prints, &c.

J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S Fourth St., bet Market and Jefferson.

GREAT BARGAINS A large and complete stock of LINEN GOODS

500 yds 10-4 Linen Sheetings 300 yds 10-4 German Linen Sheetings At \$1 90, worth \$2 5 250 yds Russia Linen Sheetings At \$1 90, worth \$2 56

700 yds heavy German Table Linen 400 yds Table Damask OIL CREEK, VENANGO CO., PA. 150 yds extra fine and wide double Damask Table Linens 50 doz. Napkins (all qualities)

50 doz. Linen Doylies, 35 doz. Satin Damask Doylies 70 doz. common unbleached Towels 50 doz. good quality Huckaback Towels At \$1 50 to \$6 per doz 30 doz. extra quality Huckaback Towels 25 doz. extra fine and large Damask Towels At \$10 to \$12 per doze 2000 yds Irish Linens (all qualities) 2400 yds extra heavy Shirting Linens

Pillow Linens Very cheap 100 doz. Linen Handkerchiefs

Very cheap The above lot of Goods are WARRANTED ALL PURE LINEN, and are from 25 to 40 per cent. less THAN FORMER PRICES. J. R. EMMIT & CO.

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BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC HOOP SKIRTS

LADIES, MISSES & CHILDREN Cotton Hosiery Corsets, J. R. EMMIT & CO.'S

Shirtings; Shirt Fronts; Toilet Quilts; Domestics; Flannels; Prints; Goods for Men's Wear:

Goods for Boy's Wear;

Sheeting:

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

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AT

LOAN.

UNITED STATES

\$230,000,000.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE easury, the undersigned, the General Eubscriptic Agent for the sale of United States Securities offers to the public the third series of Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known

Seven-Thirty Loan.

These notes are issued under date of July 15, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible, at the option of the holder, into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

These bonds are worth a handsome premium, an are exempt, as are all the Government Bonds, FROM STATE COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION ADDS FROM ONE TO THREE PER CENT. MORE, to their value, according the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut of and sold to any bank or banker. The interest at 7-20 per cent. amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 nate. Two cents " " \$100 "
Ten " " \$500 "
20 " " \$1000 " " " \$5000

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly urnished upon receipt of subscription.

The Notes of this Third Series are precisely similar in form and privileges to the Seven-Thirties already sold, except that the Government reserves to itself the option of paying interest in gold coin at 6 per cent, instead of 3-10ths in currency. Subscribers will deduct the interest currency up to July 15th, at the time when they sub-

The delivery of the notes of this third : eries of the Seven Thirties will commence on the 1st of June, and will be made promptly and continuously after that date. The slight change made in the conditions of this THIRD SERIES affects only the matter of interest. The payment in gold, if made, will be equivalent to the currency inter est of the higher rate.

est or the higher rate.

The return to specie payments, in the event of which
only will the option to pay interest in gold be availed of
would so reduce and equalize prices that purchases made
with six per cent. in gold would be fully equal to those made with seven and three-tenths per cent. in curre THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

Now offered by the Government, and its superior advan-Great Popular Loan of the People

Less than \$230,600,000 of the Loan authorized by the late Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within sixty days, when the notes will up donbtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans. In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, he National Banks, State Banks and Priva e Bankes throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are

to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which

JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, PHILADELPHIA. Subscriptions will be received by FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE. SECOND NATIONAL BANK

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CLARK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF WINCHES. AND MONDAY, MAY 15th, At the Custom House, Louisville, W. D. GALLAGHER,

> Agent of Jay Cooke. THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

DEPOSITARY OF PUBLIC MONEYS, AND

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, CAPITAL, \$1,000,000, PAID IN. Fiscal Agent of the United States,

AND SPECIAL AGENT FOR JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge, by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment checks on New York, Philadelphia and Boston current bills, and all five per cent. interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mai will be promptly filled. This Bank receives the accounts of banks and banker on favorable terms; also, of individuals keeping New Mork accounts.

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York accounts. J. T. Hill, Cashier. FUEL. COAL! COAL!

AM DEALING IN THE VERY BEST PITTSBUE
COAL, and sm now prepared to fill orders for n
customers and others at the r-duced price.
Persons in the country ordering Coal from me m
rely upon getting good toal, full weight and prompt a
tention.

WM. C. KENNEDY.
my9-im
S4 Third st., bt. Market and Jefferson. W. L. MURPHY,

East side Third Street, near Main.

PROFESSIONAL.

JAMES F. BUCKNER.

(LATE OF HOPKINSVILLE, KY.,) A TTORNEY AT LAW IN LOUISVILLE, WILL practice law in the United States District Court the Louisville Chancery Court, the Jefferson Circuit Court thand Court of Common Pleas. Business confided to him will receive prompt attention. Office Court Place mas-Im*

Attorney at Law Office No. 412 Center St., bet. Jefferson and G LOUISVILLE, KY. BEN. H. BRISTOW., BRISTOW & FELAND.

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Will give prompt their attention to all business enti-ed to their care.

J. H. WARD

(LATE COLONEL 27TH KY. INF.)

BOOTS AND SHOES. TO BOOT AND SHOE DEALERS

WE ARE DAILY IN RECEIPT OF GOODS IN OUR line adapted to the season, to which the attention of the trade is invited. We have also on hand and are re-ceiving lots of goods, which are offered at low prices—less than present cost of manufacturing—to close consignments. The attention of merchants purchasing boot and shoes is invited to the above. INGALLS & CO.,

AIN STREET.

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE!

If you want anything, If you have anything to sell, If you want Boarders, If you have I ost anything,

If you have Found anything, Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by Advertising in the Daily Press.

WANTED.

WANTED-SITUATION AS EDITOR OR CORRE-spondent and the services of an experienced Editor or Cor-tection of the services of an experienced Editor or Cor-tection of the services of an experienced Editor or Cor-cularille, for. FOR SALE-TWO BRICK HOUSES-TWO STORIES each, four rooms and servants rooms on Chestnut, by tween Second and Third streets. Appy to FRANK CAR TER, or D. S. BENÆDICT & SONS. feb28-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. - WE HAVE FOR SALE-

House Stands, &c., &c. WHALEY & POPE, 311 Third street. FOR RENT.

PORBENT.-WE HAVE FOR RENTSEVERAL NICE Dwelling Houses in good locations.

my25 d3 WHALEY & POPE, 311 Third street. MACHINERY.

OIL WELL MACHINERY.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO., Louisville Foundery and Machine

Shop, Corner of Main and Tenth Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand Portable and Stationary Steam Engines, Oil Well Tools and Rig complete,

Bellows and Smith-Shop Tools, Oil Well Tubing, Oil Pumps, &c. We have the sole right for this city to manufacture

Bolle's Patent Flush-Joint Cast

Cordage and Belting,

Iron Driving-Pipe. We have arrangements with parties who are fully com-tent, to erect the machinery, drill the wells and repair e tools, so that we can for hish any party with such All information given and orders promptly attended to.

COLD PENS.

MANUFACTORY. The only House that Manufactures Pens South of the Ohio River. Please

Cali and Satisfy Yourselves. Maragarararararakakan

Ex-sud and and and and ...\$ 75 \$ 1 25 \$ 1 5 \$ \$ 1 75 \$3 00 \$ 6 00

All pens bear my trade mark, R. C. Hill, Lou., Kr and are warranted fourteen carats fine and perfect in very respect. Sent by mail or express to any part of the ountry on receipt of price and return charges. Fersons retering will please state the size and style desired, thether hard or soft, fine or coarse; and if the pen should all to blease or prove defective, will have the privilege of schanging it. (Sent by mail, at OUR ASK, when 20 cents is added for estry.) Write your name and address alain. Postage on single pen THREE CENTS; pen with any case or holder and box six cents.

A deduction of fif.een per cent. allowed on orders of \$25 or over, and twenty-five per cent. on those of \$100. Liberal discount made to the trade.

Old pens repaired in the best manner for FIFTY CENTS each. Pen circulars sett FREE. Address

R. C. HILL, R. C. HILL & CO., Gold Pen Manufacturers, mar31-tf 407 Main and 333 Third sts., Louisville, Ky



It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the CEDRON BITTERS are a Specific. In all diseases of the STOMACH, EOWELS, LIVER or KIDNEYS: in affections of the BRAIN, depending upon derangement of the Stomach or Bowels; in GOUT. RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, and in FEVER and AGUE, it is d stined to supersede all other remedies. It not only cures these diseases, but it prevents them. A wine glass full of the BITTERS, taken an hour before each meal, will obviate the ill-effects of the most unhealthy climate, and score the taker against diseases under the most trying exposure.

his Laboratory on 5th Cross Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.

CHANCERY SALE.

PREPARED BY

DR. JOHN BULL,

In Chancery, No. 18,974. BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE LOUISVILLE les to said a lev.

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dditional security.

THOS. A. MORGAN,
bulsville Chancery Court.

NEW EDITION OF U. S. DISPENSATORY,— Nearly 2,000 pages. Price \$10. Civil &

A WORD TO ADVERTISERS.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, which renders the Press one of the best advertising mediums in the State. We hope our friends will send in their advertisements.

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R. O. Sternberg, Jeffersonville.

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana and

The compositors in the Press office received a very nice treat of ice cream and other good things last night about 12 o'clock from Mr. L. H. Bell, on the occasion of his 20th anniversary. They desire to return him their thanks and well wishes, and hope he and they may live to enjoy many more

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS .- The following message was received from the Mayor, and referred to the Committee

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Louisville, May 24, 1865 To the General Council.—Gentlemen: have understood that Messrs. Martz, Swee ney and Needy, three of the city police, have been arrested by the military authorities, and are now in the military prison. I have received no official notice from the commandant relative to the cause of their

have thought it advisable to refer the matter to your honorable body, that their release might be procured and their conduct inquired into by a civil tribunal, and said policemen be dismissed from service , if they shall be found to have been guilty of improper conduct.

spectfully, PHILLIP TOMPPERT, Mayor. The following dispatch was received from

CINCINNATI, May 25 .- To Hon. Philip Tomppert, Mayor of Louisville: One hundred and fifty-eight guests, with the Cincinnati Council, are on board the steamer United States. C. G. PEARCE. The resolution tendering the hospitalities of the city to the Councils of Covington

Newport and Cincinnati, was passed the lower Board by yeas 13, nays 7. The following Committee was appointed from the Common Council to co-operate with the Mayor and a Committee from the Board of Aldermen: Messrs, Tucker, Orrill, C. G. Smith, German, Glore, and Me

gowan.

A resolution appointing another Assis tant License Inspector at \$800 per annum, passed. The following salaries were allowed the city officers by ordnance: SALARIES OF CITY OFFICERS.

Clerks of Common Council and Board of Aldermen each per annum, \$1,400; Of the Auditor, \$1800; Treasurer, \$2,500; Assessor Auditor, \$1800; Treasurer, \$2,500; Assessor, \$1,700; Street Inspectors each, \$900; City Engineer, \$2,500; Keeper of the Work House, \$700; Keeper of the Alms House, \$500; Physician Eastern District, \$700; Physician Western District, \$500; Sexton Western Cemetry, \$400; Superintendent Hospital, \$500; Interpreter City Court, \$300; Market \$500; Interpreter City Court, \$300; Market masters of No. 1 and 2 houses, \$900; Marketaster of No. 3, \$600; Marketmaster of No. master of No. 3, \$000; Marketmaster of No. 4, \$550; Marketmaster of No. 5, \$500; Marketmaster of No. 6, \$120, Marketmaster of No. 7, \$300, Of the Chief of Police, \$1,200; Clerk of Police, per day, \$2.50; Company Engineer Fire Department, each, \$1080; Of the firemen, Captains excepted, per day, \$2 50; Of the hostlers, per day, \$2 50; Of the horsemen, per annum, \$125; Of the Cap-tains. per day, \$2 75; Privates Hook and Ladder Co., per annum, \$125 00; Mashal City Court, per annum, \$900; Of the Janitor, per annum, \$600; Assistant Assessors, each, per annum, \$900; Of the License Inspector, per annum, \$1200; Day and Night Police, each, \$2 50; Of the Mayor, per annum, \$3000; Of the Tax Receiver, or -fourth of one per cent. on the first \$200,000 paid by him to the Treasurer; three-fourths of one per cent. on the next \$200,000; two per cent. on the succeeding \$50,000, and three per cent, on the residue of bills listed with him, collected and paid into the City Treasury. This is a very liberal salary. If the taxes are all collected he will receive a salary of \$4,600, which is larger than that of any other city office.

The Committee on Police offered the following preamble and resolution, which

Whereas, information has come to the whereas, information has come to the knowledge of the General Council that three of the policemen of the city were arrested by the military authorities in this city on the 21st inst., and imprisoned in the barracks, where they still remain, and it is uncertain how long they will be kept in cus-tody, and the city be deprived of their services; and whereas, it is represented that their arrest and confinement was because of their having ejected from the Woodland Garden, at the time, for conduct, which they had reason to believe was unbecoming and improper, certain persons in citizens dress, but who proved to be military offi-

City of Louisville, That a committee consisting of the Mayor and three members of the Common Council and two from the the modern conveniences, and besides has Board of Aldermen, be appointed to wait on Gen. Palmer and request that said po-licemen be released on parole till their con-duct in the premises may be ascertained by testimony to be taken by said committee, and reported by them to the civil author-ities for the purpose of being acted on as may be right and proper in the premises.

Messrs. Miller, Dent and Orrill were ap
pointed from the Common Council, and
Messrs. Hubert and Caruth from the Board

lower Board refused to reconsider. Woodlawn Trotting Course. - The trotting races at the Woodlawn Thursday, were very exciting, and notwithstanding the heavy rains, there was quite a respect able crowd. The track was in tolerable condition and the time very good. Considerable money changed hands. The following is the report of the day's sport;

of Aldermen. Subsequently the Board of Aldermen reconsidered their action. The

FIRST RACE-TWO MILE HEATS, Black mare Bettie. Sorrell mare Gentle Annie.. Time: 5:521/4-5:531/9

SECOND RACE-MILE HEATS. Five horses started. Mary Queen of Scotts Tom O'Neil.. Caldwell .. Avery. The last three were distanced the first THIRD RACE-MILE HEATS.

Ole Bull. Time: 3:42-3:21, The members of the Olympic Base Ball Club will play their first game on the

ounds of the Louisville Club. A full attendance is required. T. H. SHERLEY, Pres't.

FRED. WALKER, Se Two Thousand Old Papers for sale in good order for wrapping. Inquire at Press Office.

FENIANS' PICNIC POSTPONED .- On account of the rain the picnic to be given by Fenians at Jeffersonville is postponed until

Saturday the 27th inst. Great preparations are making to render it a succe Since the correspondence between the Mayor and General Palmer in regard to the negroes of the city, over nine hunto the negroes of the city, over nine hun-dred of them have procured passes to leave

the State. The Provost guard yesterday arrested John Donnelly on the charge of selling whisky to soldiers. He was paroled to report this morning.

Our Frankfort Letter.

Bullitt Trial Commenced -- A Sharp Discussion on the Subject-"Our Own"--Sk ff & Gaylord-Miss B.

FRANKFORT, May 25, 1865.

The two houses at last have got to work in the trial of the address in the Honoshua F. Bullitt trial. The hour having arrived for the taking up it was opened by the Hon. Jas. F. Robinson for the prosecu-tion, who elicited from the Hon. Jas. Harrison, Judge Peters, Messrs. Broadhead, Matthews, Rollings and Moore, that the Judge had left that place and had taken up his residence on the domains of a foreign power. I would be glad to let your readers have the full report, but as the respective speakers inform me that it must not be done, you will have to await the conclusion of the trial and then give it entire. The House examines the witnesses as quick as the Senate has done with them. I do not think the Senate resolution will carry in the House, to adjourn next Monday the

29th sine die. There was a sharp discussion in the Senate to-day on a bill allowing Henry Hueston, a pseudo rebel, to practice law in the ommonwealth. It was shown that he had een in when the expatriation law went into effect, but could not come out in time save himself from its effectual working n his case. After several arguments in favor of and against, it was voted in the affir

native, by 19 ayes to 10 nays.
Your reporter was also unanimously elected as the phonographic reporter for the Senate during its session on the Bullitt case, on the motion of Hon. W. H. Grainger, senator from Louisville. He is under great obligations for all such favors.

The two houses go into the case at 10 A.

M. every day till its conclusion. The business outside of this was merely nominal, and as it did not do much except discuss ne or two bills, the report was meager.

During the trial the band of Skiff & Gaylord's minstrels discoursed sweet airs to the ears of the members of both houses. They will meet with a hearty welcome, and are

promised a great ovation.

The examination of the children of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum comes off to-night, and the exhibition of the blind to-morrow. The hop comes off to-morrow night. The people of Louisville ought to send up some f their young ladies to contest the palm of There is no news of any importance.
PORT ROYAL.

Legislative Proceedings. EXTRA SESSION.

[Reported Expressly for the Union Press.] HOUSE.

FRANKFORT, May 25, 1865. The Senate opened with the usual prayer, The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES. Several House bills were taken up and acted on. The bill to relieve Henry Hues on being brought up, serious discussion ensued; carried by 19 yeas, 10 nays. The hour set apart for the trial of Judge Pullitt having arrived, the Speaker announced the house as being ready to go on

with the case. Mr. Grainger moved that Mr. I. N. King, eporter of the Union Press, be sworn in s phonographist for the Senate during the

Mr. Robinson examined the Hon. J. Harrison, Messrs. Broadhead, Mathews, Rollings, Judge Peters and Mr. Moore, for the prosecution. No evidence, except such as is known, was elicited. The case was here rested till morning.

Mr. Grover moved that the case be made

the special order for 10 A. M. to-morrow; The Senate then adjourned till to-mor-

The Speaker laid before the Senate on Wednesday the following petition of James Guthrie, J. G. Barret, &c., Trustees for the American Printing House for the Blind,

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND, LOUISVILLE, May 23, 1865.—To the General Assembly of Kentucky: The Trustees of the American Printing House for the Blind, respectfully invite the atten-tion of the members of the Legislature of Kentucky to the "Circular of the Board of Trustees," and earnestly solicit the annual allowance of five dollars for each blind person in the State, to enable the Trustees to print, in raised letters for the blind, the books most needed by this unfortunate and destitute class, and to distribute said b gratuitously among the State of Kentucky.

JAMES GUTHRIE,

BULLOCK, gratuitously among the indigent blind in

J. G. BARRET, WM. KENDRICK, T. S. BELL. BRYCE M. PATTEN, Trustees

HOUSE. The House was opened with the usual prayer. The reading of the journal was The Committee reported several bills of a

cal character, which were passed. The Senate business was taken up, and during its session the hour of the trial of Judge Bullitt having arrived, the House went to its work, and after examination of the witnesses examined in the Senate, adjourned till to-morrow morning.

A NEW HOTEL.-Willard's is the name of the new hotel recently opened at the corner of Center and Jefferson streets. It is a well known fact that the hotel accommodations of the city have been insufficient for some ress, but who proved to be military offi-ers. Therefore Resolved, by the General Council of the vorably with any in the city. He has spared no expense in fitting up the house with all secured the services of gentlemen who "know how to keep hotel." Mr. Willard has had considerable experience in this particular branch of business. Persons visit-ing his hotel will be sumptuously enter-

> Cheap! Cheap!!! Cheap!!! White Shirts, linen bosoms.....

White Shirts, linen bosoms...... 2 50 White Shirts, linen bosoms ... At the New York House. 333 Third st. At the New York House, 333 Third st. At the New York House, 333 Third st. JAMES & HILL. JAMES & HILL. JAMES & HILL. All goods sold at the very Lowest Prices.

Fine photographs for albums at the Excelsior Gallery, No 321 Market street, at reduced prices. Everything partaining to the art executed in the best style, and at rates to suit everybody. Porcelain pictures beautifully finished, can be had at prices as low as ambrotypes. Call and see. m24-4t W. M. ELROD, Artist.

HARPER FON JUNE-ATLANTIC FOR JUNE ATLANTIC FOR JUNE-HARPER FOR JUNE. At Civill & Calvert's-At Civill & Calvert's.

ma24 10t Hon. J. H. Lowry on the Track. Hon, J. H. Lowry, Union candidate for Congress in the Third Congressional Dis-trict of Kentucky, will address the people

at the following times and places, to-wit: HART COUNTY. Munfordville, Monday, June 5th. Hammondville, Tuesday, June 6th. Priceville, Wednesday, June 7th. Ream's Chapel, Thursday, June 8th. Hardyville, Friday, June 9th. Horse Cave, Saturday, June 10th.

Glasgow, Monday, June 19th. Nabob, Tuesday, June 20th. Sanders' Precinct, Wednesday, June 21st. Tracey, Thursday, June 22d. Merry Oaks, Friday, June 23d. Goose Horn, Saturday, June 24th.

METCALFE COUNTY,
Edmonton, Monday, June 26th.
Randolph, Tuesday, June 27th.
Lafayette, Wednesday, June 28th.
Pendleton's Mills, Thursday, June 29th. Mosby Ridge Meeting House, Friday une 30th.

Ray's Cross Reads, Saturday, July 1st. Speaking to commence at 1 o'clock P. M except at Horse Cave, when it will begin at 10 o'clock.A. M. The people are earnestly urged to turn out en masse. My competitor, the Hon. H. Grider, is respectfully in-

AND ITS TRIBUTARIES.

Frightfal Destruction of Property

Mills, Houses, Barns, Fences, and Stock Washed Away.

[Special Correspondence of the Union Press. BOWLING GREEN, KY., May 25, 1865. There has been an unusual fall of rain this season, and farmers were much behind in their spring work. Friday the heavens were opened and rain poured in torrents, the like of which has not been seen often since the flood.

Drake's creek rose with frightful rapidity

sweeping with its resistless current everything before it. The rise from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Saturday, was forty-five feet. The oldest inhabitant recollects nothing like it. The scenes along its banks were perfectly appalling. Skagg's mill early yielded to the resistless torrent; J. R. Madison's mill followed; H. Larmon's fared not much better; Row's saw mill was swept away, but his large flouring mill being weighted down with large quantities of wheat, &c., was saved, though the water came into the third story. The farms along either side of the creek are swept of everything in the shape of fencing, barns, &c.

The fine bridge belonging to the county succumbed to the torrent, and joined the mighty rush for the great ocean. The bridge over Baren river, built by the mili-tary authorities, is badly damaged, and can only be crossed by footmen. The trescan only be crossed by footmen. The trestlework at the railroad bridge was entirely washed away. Two spans of the iron bridge were up, but the third span has never been replaced since its destruction by the repels, on their evacuation of Bowling

The bridge over Gaspar river was carried away. McPherson's store and large tobac co warehouse was swept off. Mr. McP. had no time to get out anything. Parties went to his rescue on a raft, and within five minutes everything was floating down the stream. A box was picked up from the river with \$1,400, which he left in the house. Frank Jackson's barn, stables, and fences were swept off by the remorseless flood.

The rebellion swept off all his "niggers." "Verily, whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth." Tens of thousands of dollars would not repay the damages. The railroad company are repairing the military bridge in order o get material across to erect new trestlework at the railroad bridge.

Passengers and baggage now have to be

transferred at the railroad bridge, but the company will have the connections all right this week. Sunday morning crowds were on the banks of the river all day looking at the wrecks of houses, mills, bridges, fences, &c., as they floated by.
We noticed the correspondent of the Democrat, W. H. P., busy eyeing the "Emerald" and the "Black Diamond," all of which, if you choose, you may see an account in that sheet. The evidences of maerial destruction evidently trouble him not nuchly—all his sorrows were on account of ocial decay and degeneracy. Hadn't he etter turn his attention to some of those lighter colored "diamonds" which favor old Virginia so muchly, and see if the evidence of decay don't go, back beyond, at least, this flood.

Senex.

Wm. Anderson, who was arrested on Wednesday upon a charge of stealing a brown horse in the neighborhood of Cincinnati, had in his possession at the time of his arrest a dark brown horse about sixteen hands high. It is supposed that this horse has been stolen. Any one desiring to see him can find him at Field's stable on Sixth street, between Market and Jefferon. The horse is six years old.

GREAT SALE OF HORSES AND MULES,-Capt. Fitch, A. Q. M., advertises an unusually large and attractive sale of Government stock next week at Lexington. Many of these animals, three or four thousand in number, are in excellent condition, and farmers and others will scarcely have another such opportunity for bargains.

POLICE COURT-Thursday, May 25 .- Dominick Gramelist, drunk and assault on Mrs. Jouett. Bail in \$100 to answer and \$200 for

Huldah Tucker, f. w. c., stealing \$145 in Kate Beatty, drunk and disorderly. Bail

in \$200 for three months. George, a slave of Mr. Keene, disorderly onduct. Seven stripes with a small switch. Several peace warrants were disposed of.

Personal.—Capt. James M. Davenport, late of the 10th Kentucky infantry, has been commissioned Captain in the Veteran Reserve Corps, and ordered to report at Madison. He leaves us to day. We can cheerfully recommend the Captain to the people of Madison as a clever gentleman and a brave officer.

CRIMINAL COURT.—The jury in the cas of Pat. Higgins, returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter; penitentiary ten years. John Whalan and John Keiner, grand lar-ceny, guilty; Whalan 1 year, Keiner 2 years. Louis Larome, snatching a pocket book, guilty; 4 years in penitentiary. John Zoll, stabbing, without malice; fined \$100.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—There was not a very large audience at this theater last night. To-night Leo Hudson appears for the first time in Louisville as Don Casar de Bazan, with Miss Ada Gray as Maratina. The performance to conclude with the first act of Mazeppa,

Two Thousand Old Papers for sale in good order for wrapping. Inquire at Press Office.

Horse Thieves .- William M. Smithson and John Cates were received at the Provost Marshal's office yesterday from Bowling Green. They are charged with being horse thieves. They were placed in the barracks and will be tried on the charge.

Captain Willington Harlan is spoken of as a candidate of the Union men for the Senate in the Senatorial District comprising Boyle, Mercer, and Jessamine counties The Captain is a loyal gentleman, and will make a splendid Senator.

The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Co., located at Bridgeport, Conn., turn out a machine every three minutes, or twenty in a working hour. There are nine hundred men employed, and an invested capital of

The Councils of Newport and Cov ington, Ky., arrived in the city last night at 12 o'clock on board the St. Nicholas. The Council of Cincinnati also arrived on board

PANORAMA OF THE WAR .-- There was large crowd at the Masonic Temple last evening to see this beautiful work of art. We would advise our citizens to go and see this beautiful painting.

One hundred and sixty-five negro procured passes to leave the city yester-

H. K. H. Q'rs. IS THE PLACE WHERE THE LARGEST AND most complete assortment of Refriger tors, Ice Chests, Water Coolers and Filters—combined—is to be found in the Southwest, at Southwest, at BOURLIER'S HOUSE-KEEPERS' HEADQ'RS, "No with street, Main and Market."

The Washington Intelligencer of Wednes day says the Government has thirty-three millions of gold on hand. It is known that the Government is prepared to pay the coin interest due in July. FRIENDS-If you would go hand in hand

reserved and have children learn easily and much from things all around them as instructive as books; if you would enjoy sensible, animated, and charming talks with quick-witted and blithe companions; if you would have the dear learners grateful, long afterward for a culture peculiarry qualifying them for life's practical affairs; if, withal you would learn much yourselves while teaching others, but in practice the suggestions of you would tearn much yourselves while teaching others, put in practice the suggestions of a little book now hopefully offered to your service on The Culture of the Observing Faculties in the Family and the School; or Things about Home, and How to Make Them Instructive to the Young. By Warren Burton. Published by the Harpers, and for sale by Civill & Calvert. Price 75 cents

GREAT FLOOD IN BARREN RIVER BY TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

Echoes from Libby at Washington Trials.

Manifest Connection Between Treason and Assassination.

Negro Testimony against Mudd. Gen. Sherman and the Sectary of War.

Davis and Lee before Civil Court. Rebel Party on the Clyde Searched Manacles on the Dangerous Jefferson D.

Judge Colt's \$300,000 Suit. Howell Cobb Aware of the Plans to Burn and Plunder.

Trial of the Conspirators.

Washington, May 25.—On opening the court for the trial of the conspirators this morning, at the request of Mr. Coxe the record was corrected by excluding from the evidence the oath of allegiance pur-porting to be signed by O'Laughlin, as the witness could not swear positively to the Mr. Randall testified that he knew the

prisoner Arnold. He found in his carpet-bag some letters, papers, clothing, a revolver and cartridges. The revolver was nanded him.

Maj. Marsh testified that he was an offi-

cer in a Maryland regiment from 1861 to 1864. He was a prisoner and confined in Libby prison from June, 1863, to March,

To Judge Holt: I was detained when aptured, two weeks at Winchester on account of health. My health improving, I was forced to march to Stanton, and was treated kindly on the road by the escort. First rations at Libby prison were small but tolerably fair. A half loaf of bread was given each man, with four ounces of meat and several spoonfuls of rice. After four months meat as a regular thing was stop-ped. Then we were deprived of wheat bread and furnished with what was called corn bread and very coarse. I have known prisoners to be without meat three or four weeks at a time. We had a few potatoes of the worst kind. A meeting of prisoners was held and a remonstrance sent to the authorties. Col. Ould replied: "The treatment was good enough and better than that of rebel prisoners." After being there five months, I was taken sick with dropsy from the bad treatment and sent to h While there I saw men brought in Belle Isle in a starving condition. 40 at least twelve died the first night. surgeon told me that this was caused by want of good treatment. Two of our pris-oners escaped; which made Maj. Turner, in

charge of the prison, become more insult-Turner removed us from the hospital to Libby prison, in a wet room. Some of the sick were in a dying condition, and were compelled to remain there 24 hours without cots or anything to eat. This was done as a ounishment for the escape of the two offi-

A Col. Fowler, on being remonstrated with, said the "treatment was to d—d good for you Yankees." A man could not possibly live on the rations. For days we lived on what was called corn bread, which appeared to be mixed and baked in a rough

Capt. Emery, another prisoner, testified to the same treatment. The money belonging to the prisoners was taken from them. After the battle of Chickamauga fifteen or sixteen of the sick were tied on a cart to keep from falling off, although there were ambulances not in use. The committee of the rebel Senate knew of their horrible treatment but did not notify the Senate of

their views in regard to the matter.

B. Sweeney, a color sergeant in the army and a a prisoner of war for 5 months at Belle Isle, testified that there were at least 13,000 prisoners there. It was in the winter. About half, had shelter. They had about half enough food to live on. He had seen men starved to death. The bodies of those who died were allowed to lie eight or nine days in the trenches without being buried.

No person, either officer or civilian, is days in the trenches without being buried. They would not allow us to bury them. Witness had asked special permission to do so and was refused. He helped to carry out 10 to 20 per day. He saw men shot dead without any cause. His weight was 150 pounds when he went there, and was re-

Bull, who was a prisoner at Ander onville for eleven months, testified that the treatment was very poor, the men had no shelter, but compelled to live in swamps; their blankets, hats, caps, and clothing in general, and generally taken from them. Howell Cobb made a speech there in Feb

ruary. His remarks were bitter; he said the treatment was the best they could do. If the authorities looked after them a little more, probably they would fare better, he only said a few words, and did not seem to

care much about the prisoners,

The heat was very intense, the water
there was filthy, and made more so by garbage. Cobb in his speech said something about a plan to burn and plunder the North; I can't tell what were the words used. The treatment of sick prisoners was very shameful; they got pitch pine pills for everything; they got no regular medicine. Not a cent of the prisoners' money was returned to them. For months the witness had nothing to wear but drawers and shirt; his clothes had been taken from him. Clothing sent there by our government was taken by the rebel captain in charge, Over half the deaths were by starvation. The bad food was the cause of their sickness, and after they got sick the food was no bet-ter. He would not think of eating such food now, but a man in danger of starva-

tion would.

E. W. Ross, clerk in Libby prison in March, 1864, testified that the prison was mined at the time of Kilpatrick's raid. He had seen the fuse in Maj. Turner's office. It was an eight second fuse, and Turner told him it was to set the powder off in case the raiders got into the city, and blow up the prison and prisoners. The powder was taken away in May secretly. Turner was a subordinate officer of the War Depart-

Anniversary of the Fall of Vicksburg. Washington, May 25.—A committee appointed by the officers of the Army of Tennessee, headed by Gens. Logan, Blair and Oglesby, decided to give an anniversary dinner in honor of the fall of Vicksburg and the opening of the Mississippi river on the 4th of July next at the hotel at Sarato ga, to be followed by a grand ball at Lel-and's opera house. Lieut. Gen. Grant is expected to be present and preside.

Don't Want to Die in the "Ditch." NEW YORK, May 25.—The Commercial says Captain Mullarkey, of Taylor's army, who has arrived in New Orleans, says Kirby Smith has considerable blow about him but no real stability, and is of the impression that as soon as the Federal army realize it appression that the tracing Smith. makes its appearance in that region Smith will either surrender or skedaddle to Mexico rather than die in the last ditch.

Blackburn Bailed Out. TORONTO, May 25 .- In the case of Black TORONTO, May 25.—In the case of Blackburn, of yellow fever fame, the Magistrate to-day said, owing to the uncertainty of the English law required in such cases of conspiracy, he should not assume the responsibility of the case, but would send the prisoner before the Judges at the next assizes. Bail was accepted in the meantime; bail in \$8,000 is asked.

Rebels at Mobile. New Orleans, May 25th.—The Times says the eight thousand rebels now at Mo-bile are being paroled, among others Dick Taylor and other prominent Generals The Trial.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—This morning a witness was called who testified that on the 13th of April, he searched the baggage of Arnold, a short distance from Fortress Monroe, and found passes, clothing and a party revolver. The court here produced mavy revolver. The court here produced the pistol, which the witness identified, it was loaded then as it was at this time. The

court ordered the pistol to be discharged.

Two other witnesses testified as to the horrid treatment of the sick and wounded Union prisoners, both in the hospitals and at Libby Prison. They were told by Major Turner, the keeper of Libby Prison, that the treatment was

GOOD ENOUGH FOR YANKEES Out of forty sick brought in, eight or ten died the first night. The weakness and emaciation of the prisoners was owing to the bad character and insufficiency of the food. They were told that the bad treatment was in retaliation, on the ground that the rebel prisoners had been worse treated than the Union.

Another witness testified that Libby prison was mined, and that Maj. Turner had informed him that he had seen General Walker on the subject, and the fuse was ready for the mine at the time of Kilpatrick's raid.

nold was ever in the rebellion.
Objection was made to the question, the
Judge said the question was pertinent as
history had proved the connection between
treason and the assassination of the President. The assassination was manifestly a political offense and was the consequence of disloyalty. Mr. Ewing said that the Court decided that the question should be answered; the witness then replied that he saw Arnold in the rebel uniform in the city of Richmond in the beginning of the war. Three colored persons testified as to their acquaintance with Dr. Mudd, and sail his conduct showed him to be a rebel, and stated that he had assisted rebel soldiers.

A young man from Georgetown testified that the morning after the assassination he loaned Atzerot ten dollars, the latter leaving with him a revolver as security. The pistol was produced, which the witness identified. It had been loaded ever since.

Mrs. Davis Not Permitted to Go North. FORTRESS MONROE, May 24.-A steamer sailed from here this morning for Savan-nah under sealed orders. Mrs. Davis and her four children go to Savannah in the Clyde, as permission for them to proceed north has been refused by the War Depart-

ment. Yesterday a guard was sent out to the Clyde and searched the steamer and all the baggage and effects of the rebel party rebaggage and enects of the receiparty remaining on board, and a large amount of gold, valuable jewelry, &c. was found in the baggage of the ladies, but with the exception of several important dicuments which were found by the guard, everything was left unmolested.

Sherman vs. Stanton. New York, May 25.—A Washington special to the Commercial says: The quar-rel of Sherman and Stanton increases in

intensity and bitterness. The Chronicle contains a long communication from one of Sherman's friends on the recent events, and the general management of the War Department by Stanton is reviewed in eathing terms.

The Postmaster General has started South to make arrangements for postal commu-Effect of the Assassination at the Barbadoes.

NEW YORK, May 25 .- The brig Eastern Star brings Barbadoes dates of the 13th that says the greatest sorrow and indignation was manifested at the President's

Letters of condolence were received by the American Consul from the officials which say the gunboat Steady fired minute guns, and shipping flags were displayed at half-mast. The American Consul's office

was draped in mourning.
Uneasiness was felt in St. Savador by signs of an attempt by friends of Gen. Dar-raous to oppose the administration. It is certain that Spain has made claims on Chili, how they will be settled was not determined. The troubles in the Brazils con-

tinue. Flying Rumors about Jeff.

NEW YORK, May 25 .- Among the many rumors flying about in regard to the con-finement of Jeff. Davis, has been one to the effect that, yesterday afternoon he was manacled in order to prevent, no doubt, any injury to his guard, should he, as Mrs. Davis remarked, become "provoked" the strict surveillance held over him. The strictest regulations respecting persons vis-iting the fortress are still rigidly enforced.

provided with a pass. Davis and Lee to be Tried for Treason. New York, May 25.—The Post's Washington special of the 25th says: There is no longer a doubt that Davis will be tried for

n very soon in a civil court, probably General Lee will be indicted by a grand ury in Richmond soon for treason. The noment he is indicted his parole is of no use to him.

Arrest of Ex-Gov. Letcher.

BALTIMORE, May 25 .- The American says

Ex-Governor Letcher was arrested at his home in Lexington, Virginia, on Sunday, and last night arrived in Washington, in \$300,000 Suit Decided.

Hartford, Conn., May 25.—An important suit, which had been pending between Judge Colt and the estate of the Samuel Colt. was decided this forenoon in favor of The amount coming to Judge

NEW YORK, May 25 .- The price of gold still tends steadily upward; chiefly the result of a demand for export. Premium this morning touched at 37% Gold sold up to 13834 to-night, closing at

Death of John Wesley.

New York, May 25.—Mr. John Wesley, who has for many years been favorably known as a telegraph operator throughout the United States, died on the 23d instant, after a brief illness.

Some of the French papers have copied from the London Times the sketch of the life of Sherman which appeared in a late number of Harper's Weekly or Monthly. No French Marshal ever obtains as much newspaper space as that till he is dead, and not always then.

The Markets.

New York Grain and Produce Market. NEW YORK, May 25.—Cotton—Dull and fully 2c lower

NEW YORK, May 25.—COTTON—Dull and fully 2c lower at 50c for niddling.
FIGUR—15:6330 lower; \$6 80:67 for extra State, \$7 25:69, 7 5 for extra round hoop oblio, and \$7 55:69 10 for trade brands; market closing firm; no seliers at inside prices. Included in the sales are 2,000 bbls extra State for June and July.
WHISKY—Steady at \$1.95; closing a little firmer.
GRAIN—Wheat 2c better; Spring wheat very scarce, and No. I wanted at \$1.45, winter red Western \$1.64, Amber Michigan \$1.73. Rye quite at \$1.8461 85. Barley steady. Corn scarce and 263c better; 75:68:ic for new mixed. ERIES-Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar steady at 1½c for Cuba Muscovado, and 10½cd14¼c for Porto Molasses quiet. Hops in moderate demand

f 10230c. Wool-Quiet.
Wool-Quiet.
Patrolkum-Firm.
Paovisions—Pork firm, closing at \$23 20225 50 for 1853-4 do, cash and regular way, closing at \$20 50 for cash, \$17 50248 50 for prime, and \$1.50247 for primess; also 2,500 bbls new mess for June and July, sellers' option, at \$21 30223 70. Beef dull. Cut me ts CHEESE-Quiet at 10@18c for common to prin

New York Money and Stock Market. New York, May 25.—Money—Easy with a large supply at 6 per cent.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Active and firm at 109%@110.

GOLD—Active and firm, opening at 135%, advancing to 135% and closing at 136%.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—Quiet.

STOCKS—Quiet and firm; Rock Island 95%; Ft. Wayne 94; Atlantic S 5 Co 111; Northwestern 25%; Erie 74; Reading 194%; New York Central 91%.

Cincinnati Grain and Produce Market. Cincinnati, May 25, P. M.—Flous—Firm with fair demand; superfine \$5 75: extra State \$606 50; 3,000 bbls extra sold to the Government at \$6 40.

Grain—Red wheat advanced to \$1 3:00 40. Corn duil; not much doing. Oats firmer at 5:001.

WHISST Very dul; no demand whatever.

PROVISIONS—Mees pork dull; city not saleable at over \$22 50. Bulk meats dull.

Exchange firm at 1 1:10 premium.

SPECIAL TO WEST'RN PRESS

May 26-3 A. M.

Commercial Matters in New York. New York, May 25.—Speculative movement in stocks this forenoon was languid and lower on railroad and other stocks. Public keep out of the market, and exhibit some caution. Nearly all operations are between brokers; business very moderate; Michigan Central continues in demand, Rock Island and Hudson, both weaker. street, below Main. Later in the day the market was firm, but there was no activity. Gold list quiet and

changes. Money easy and unchanging.
Petroleum stocks dull and prices generally lower. Webster 95, Germania 40,
Rynd 255, Oceanic 211, U. S. 1825, Empire
City 250, Richmond 112, Cherry Run 54,
Excelsior 400. Petroleum a shade better

Excelsior 400. Petroleum a shade better and moderately active. Crude 35½, refined in bond 49@60, free 69@70.

NEW YORK, May 25.—Gallagher's Exchange; gold 138¾; old 5-20's 103¾; New York Central 90¾; Erie 73; Reading 93½; Pittsburg 63¾; Northwestern preferred 56½ O & M certificates 25½; Quicksilver 54½; Michigan Central 108½; Stocks rather dull; gold active and firm: sales after the call as Another witness was called, when the Judge Advocate asked him whether Arhigh as 1383, closing at 137%. gold active and firm; sales after the call as

Sherman Serenaded -- He Makes a Speech. Washington, May 25.—A large number of persons to-night, accompanied by a band of music, proceeded to the residence of Maj. Gen. Sherman to compliment him with a serenade. He, however, was out spending the evening. At a subsequent hour it was ascertained that he was at the Metropolitan Hotel, and thither the party went. In response to loud cheers and calls for Sherman, he appeared on the balcony and spoke as follows:

I was sorry I was not at home when you called to-night, for I am here a stranger in a strange house, and have no right to use i for this purpose, but I thank you for you kindness to me and the army I command Cheers.] There are too many noisy omnibusses and street cars in this town for me.
[Laughter.] We like pine woods better, for
there we can be heard and felt too. [Ap-

lanse; cries "that's so."]
He resumed: There are no more rebels now; they have gone up. [Laughter; cries of "that's so," "good for you," &c.] I repeat, I am thankful to the people for the manifestations of friendship extended to the army yesterday; everybody seemed to be in the streets. I know every soldier felt and appreciated the welcome, not only in the streets, but in every house. I thank you in the name of the army for your appreciation of what they have done in the past, promising that they will in future reiprocate it.

I have not and will not make a speech but you must regard all farther silence for what I mean. Three cheers and a tiger were given, and he retired during a patriotic air by the band.

Gens. Howard, Slocum and Este were called out and made brief speeches, which were enthusiastically received. The crowd had now largely increased, and in response to impatient cries for Sherman, he again appeared and said: I don't intend to make a speech, but merely to say I am a thousand times obliged to you.

I speake it from my heart for the magnifent reception which you gave us yester-

Generals Logan, Jeff C. Davis-the right Davis as some in the crowd said—Hancock and others, were called for, but they were not present. The meeting was most en-Surrender of the Stonewall at Havana.

Washington, May 25.—Gfficial intelligence has been received of the unconditional surrender of the rebel ram Stonewall to the Spanish authorities at Havana. The Shenandoah is believed to be the last remnant of the rebel navy left. When last heard from she was prowling in the Indian President Johnson has removed his office

from the War Department to the Executive mansion, which for the first time since the President's death was to-day thrown open to visitors.

Secretary Seward, supported by two servants and accompanied by his daughter, visited the President to-day, the President giving him audience in the blue room below stairs. to visitors.

ow stairs. The Review. NEW YORK, May 25 .- The morning papers devote much space to the account of the review of the armies of Tennessee and Georgia. The review is represented as

being very grand.

Gen. Blair's corps was followed by a small train of pack mules, with a crowd of con-trabands and droves of animals of all kinds, as if they had just returned from a foraging expedition.

The appearance of the troops was creditable to all their officers, and evinced

thorough discipline and splendid appearance throughout the entire command Most of the papers publish the organization of the division corps.

All the daily papers have editorials complimentary of President Johnson in refusing the horses and carriage tendered him by the merchants of New York.

Miscellaneous. Washington, May 25.—Ex-Governor Letcher, who was on Monday at Lexington by a detachment of troops, arrived here to-day, and has been committed to Old Capitol. He was dressed in the garb of a farmer at the time of his capture. Colonel Herricon Davis private secretary, has also Harrison, Davis' private secretary, has also been brought to Washington and securely Buttons.

lodged in prison.

The waterproof cloak and shawl worn by Davis, at the time of his capture, was presented to War Department to-day by Col. Tae cloak was worn as a shirt and the shawl was placed under the female apparel. Davis wore a full suit of drab and a pair of cavalry boots. He also transferred to the

Department the colors of the 15th Pennsylvania volunteers, found in the baggage the rebel party. Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Clay were very defiant and sarcastic.

The Secretary of War in the name of the people and the President, returned thanks to Colonel and Pritchard for the gallantry and activity exhibited by him in the pursuit of the greatest criminal of the age, remarking that upon the receipt of his report to reverse of the President for the appre-

the reward of the President for the appre-hension of Davis would be distributed to the men who were properly entitled to it, and a medal of honor awarded to each one who participated in the capture. After Mrs. Hallahan's testimony, Mrs. Howard Fitzpatrick t stified that she boarded at Mrs. Surratt's from the 6th of October till her arrest after the assassination. She only saw Payne there three times; the last time in March. Alzerat only stayed a short time; she believed Mrs. Surratt sent him away. Weichlman was treated like a son. Booth was there the

vitness saw John Surratt was the night he left home, two weeks before the assassina B. F. Gwynn resides near Surratsville testified he was at Mrs. Surrat's house the day of the murder; she gave him a letter for Mrs. North; saw J. M. Lloyd that day at Ma lboro, parted with him on the road that evening. Did not see him afterwards, that evening. Did not see him afterwards, he had been drinking right smart; did not

Monday before the murder. The last time

see him again. R. J. Connelly testified to his coming R. J. Connelly testified to his coming from Baltimore with O'Laughlin Thursday evening; they went to Lichron's or Rummen's Hotel; O'Laughlin asked me to go to the National Hotel; when he got there he went to the desk, telling me to wait, he would detain me only a few minutes; he left me standing at the door, and returning in three or five minutes we went back to in three or five minutes we went back to

Lichron's, and then up the avenue.

We went as far as Eleventh street and turned back, and weni to Walter's dining saloon and took supper there, lasting three quarters of an hour; left there about 8 and turned to Rummen's hotel, and went as far as third street, where O'Laughlin and Murphy left me, Henderson saying they were going to see Mr. Hoffman and would see us on the corner. Lockran wanted us to go as far as the Treasury Department up to go as far as the Treasury Department up Seventh street, when I complained of sore feet and would go no further. We returned; Murphy said that he had to leave, that it was getting near 9 o'clock. We went in the Canterbury Hall just as they were finishing the first pieces; we stayed till 10 o'clock, then went to Metropolitan

Hall, and then to Rummon's Hotel, reach

ing there about 11 o'clock. Was O'Laugh-lin with you all the time? He was sir. Sales of Seven-thirties.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—Jay Cooke re-rorts the subscriptions to the 7-30 loan to-day at \$2,137,000. 2. - '-30 LOAN .- Subscription to the have pular loan received by the Second National Bank of Louisville, on Fourth

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We have read it with a sensation of genuine enjoyment, figure heartfelt pleasure. * * The rarest of emotions, eal pleasure, is raized by the perusal of "Kate Kenne A very pleasant and well-written novel, which we can

confidently recommend to our readers. It is eminently reliable.—[The Reader. It fulfills all our ideas of what a genuine novel should ne-full of brightness and lightness.-[Court Circular.]
It will delight the hearts of lady readers.-[Observer. The plot of this nevel is so singular as to command at-tention. We congratulate the author on having attempted a novel of real life, and succeeded in producing sur

prising effects .- [Athenæum. There is a fre-hness in this story which makes the read ing of the book a real pleasure. The plot is skillfully worked out .- Victoria Magazine.

We know of no better mode of describing the author's last effort than by classing it with Miss Mulock's "Christian's Mistake."—[Examiner and Times. "Kate Kennedy" is a charming story. It is admirably told the descriptions and the conversations being written in a clear and simple style, and the characters made to nselves in a very pleasant and natural manner.-[London Review.

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CIVILL & CALVERY.

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And have it sent to your address. It is specially des to the amusement and instruction of Boys and Girls, is filled with interesting Stories, Sketches and Poems the best authors, and illustrated with fine drawing the best authors, and illustrated with fine drawing the best authors, and illustrated with fine drawing the state of the state of

ASK YOUR FATHER

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

Interesting Details of the Review. Grandest Scene of Modern Times. Grant, Sherman and Meade Present Over 150,000 People on the Ground Enthusiastic Shouts Filled the Air

Noble Appearance of the Veterans Interesting Letter from Sherman.

His Views Upon Military Matters. He Claims no Reward for Himself

Willful Suppression of His Reports An Amusing Rebel Meeting in

Texas.

Press.

Magruder Still to Continue War. White and Black to do the Fighting Masters to Drill and Lead the Slaves

Cincinnati Council Visit Louisville CINCINNATI, May 25 .- The City Council and city officers leave this afternoon on an excursion trip to Louisville on the Mail Line Company's new steamer United States. Mentor's Band accompany them.

NEW YORK, May 25 .- The following is letter of General Sherman complaining of the suppression of his official reports, al-

ready referred to:

CAMPNEAR ALEXANDRIA, May 19, 1865.—
Dear Bowman: I am just arrived. All my army will be in to-day. I have been lost to the world in the woods for some time, yet in arriving at the settlements find I have made quite a stir among the people at home, and that the most sinister motives have been ascribed to me.

I have made frequent official reports of and the state of t ortance I attach to such matters, and that I have been too long fighting with real rebels with muskets in their hands to be scared by mere non-combatants, no matter how high their civil rank and station. It is amusing to observe how brave and

firm some men become when all danger is past. I have noticed on the fields of battle that brave men never insult the captured or mutilate the dead, but cowards and laggards always do.

cannot now recall the act, but Shakespeare records how poor Falstaff, the prince of cowards and wits, rising from a feigned death, stabbed again the dead Percy, and carried the carcass aloft in triumph prove his valor. So now, when the rebellion is dead in our land, many Falstaffs appear to brandish the evidence of their valor, and seek to win applause and appropriate honors for deeds that never were done. As for myself, I ask no popularity and no reward, for I dare the War Department of the provided latter and resulting the provided latter and ment to publish my official letters and re-I assert that my official letters and re-

ports have been purposely suppressed, while all the power of the press has been malignantly turned against me. I do want peace and security and the return to law and justice from Maine to the Rio Grande, and if it does not exist now subtantially, it is for State reasons beyond my comprehen-

has no fame but as a soldier should have been so careful to try to restore the civil power of the Government and the peaceful jurisdiction of the Federal courts. But it is difficult to discover in that fact any just cause of offense to an enlightened and free people. But when men choose to slander and injure others when—they can easily invent facts are soldier. As Gen. Sherman saluted the President and Gen. Grant, the latter, together with the Cabinet and other distinguished persons on the stand, all arose, uncovered, and returned the compliment. After passing the main stand, General Sherman dismounted and joined the reviewing party.

Upon arriving at the stand he approaching the president of the President and Gen. Grant, the latter, together with the Cabinet and other distinguished persons on the stand, all arose, uncovered, and returned the compliment. After passing the main stand, General Sherman dismounted and joined the reviewing party.

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Upon arriving at the stand he approaching the main stand of the president with the Cabinet and other distinguished persons on the stand, all arose, uncovered, and returned the compliment. After passing the main stand, General Sherman dismounted and joined the reviewing party. and injure others when—they can easily invent facts for the purpose—when the purposed victim is far away engaged in the publie service of their own bidding, there is consolation in knowing that, though truth lies in the bottom of a well, the Yankees have perseverance enough to get to that bottom.

Yours truly,
W. T. SHERMAN.

New York, May 25.—The Herald's Mont-gomery correspondent details Grierson's raid through Alabama. He passed through Greenville, marching about 100 miles, and reached Montgomery on the 7th inst., des-troying on his way a large quantity of rebel

On the 3d Gov. Watts was arrested, and reached Montgomery on the 5th. The people of all classes seem satisfied with the situation, and Union meetings, largely attended, have been held in various parts of the State. The rebel Gen. Forrest issued an address to the soldiers, advising submission to the laws and aid in the restream mission to the laws and aid in the restora-

on of peace. The Texan papers of the 10th inst. contain amusing accounts of the attempt to fire the hearts of the people of that State. A meeting was held at Chapel Hill, and a committee was appointed to devise means o assist Magruder to continue the war.

A proposition to conscript all males, white

and black, over thirteen years of age, was submitted. Masters will be compelled to drill their slaves and lead them in battle. The women are also to be furnished with weapons to defend themselves at home. The measures were to be submitted to Kirby Smith, or to the President, Jeff Davis, at arge. They claim to be able to bring into

reason of his removal, and he could not, or would not, give him any.

He reported to General Grant, who gave him another command. He then, on the 9th of April, asked an investigation, and again on the 23d, but could not get a court. He was then put in command of Mississippi. He then details the operations of the 1st slowly receding, with seven hours steady rain, and another rise is certain from that contains the could not get a court.

obeying orders from Meade after being placed under command of Sheridan, though it does not appear.

Washington, May 24.—A special to the Times says: Gen. Custar's Department of Missouri embraces the State of Missouri and Arkansas. Merritt goes with him with the 2d division of the cavalry corps.

Hazen succeeds Logan in command of the 15th corps. Logan takes the Army of Tennessee.

Cairo, May 25.—General Washburne

| Discrete Fig. | Cairo of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that stendard pastern in the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river yesterday, reported that the conficers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Mentucky

One party threatened to assassinate him if he surrendered, and another threatened to forsake him if he contined to struggle. The Times also says that the rebel Gen. Hood and staff crossed the Mississippi river at Tunica bend about the 7th inst. An expedition, which was sect in pursuit, captured their baggage and the General's uniform at Semmesport, Hood escaping in the night.

Cotton quoted at 40 cents for strictly low middling. Sugar dull at 18 cents for white clarified Louisiana. Washington, May 26.—Reports prevail

Washington, May 26.—Reports prevail that ex-Goy. Letcher has been captured by some of Gen. Torbets command.

There was a great turnout of citizens last night to serenade Gen. Sherman.

It was some time before they could get the old hero to come out, but the ima ense crowd would listen ta no excuse, and so he had to appear in response to the compliment paid him by his fellow citizens.

He made a very brief speech, expressing the earnest hope that now that the war is virtually over his brothers in arms will, with the greatest alacrity, resume their former, avocatons of peaceful lives, and go with good will and energy to make this Union as prosperous und happy as it was before the rebellion, which has been so effectually crushed.

Washington, May 26.—Reports prevail and Mobile. Our dates are to the 14th. The rebel ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan, lately surrendered, arrived asfely at Mobile.

The Upper Missouri was falling rapidly at last accounts. Fell two feet in one day. The Fanny Ogden, for the mountains, was at St. Joseph on the 20. The new steamer Lizzie Gill, bound west, has passed St. Joseph.

The Natheria of the Upper Missouri was falling rapidly at last accounts. Fell two feet in one day. The Fanny Ogden, for the mountains, was the Lizzie Gill, bound west, has passed St. Joseph.

On the 16th the R. E. Hill, from the Yazoo, arrived at Vicksburg with 400 bales of cotton. On the 13th, the Dacotah and Shenango arrived with 600 bales.

The boating interest at Pittsburg Tuesday and the R. E. L. Woodward had the problem of the rebell ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan, lately surrendered, arrived as fellow items as the rebel ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan, lately surrendered, arrived as fellow items as the rebel ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan, lately surrendered, arrived as fellow items as the rebel ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan, lately surrendered, arrived as fellow items as a last accounts. Fell two feet in one day. The Lagrand was falling rapidly at last accounts. Fell two feet in one day. The Lagrand

was before the rebellion, which has been so effectually crushed.

CINCINNATI, May 25, M.—13iver fallen 15 inches; raining hard the last seven hours. Ther. 64. Bar. 29:30, and falling.

Boston, May 25.—The U.S. gunboat Tuscarora, from Fortress Monroe, with Alex. H. Stephens and Postmaster Reagan, on board, arrived below this port this morning. The rebel party will be lodged in Fort Warren to-day.

Special to the Journal.

Washington, May 24.—If yesterday's was one of the grandest military pageants ever witnessed on this continent, to-day's carried off the palm of being the grandest ever known in the history of unodern times. The interest to see this review was far greater than that manifested in yesterday's Showing the Ingratitude of the

greater than that manifested in yesterday's

During last night the Army of Tennessee marched out of its camps in the rear of Arington Heights and biyouacked near the Long Bridge on the Virginia side of the Potomac. The army commenced to move across the river up Maryland avenue to the north and east of the Capitol when the 16th corps, under command of Major General John A. Logan, formed to head the grand

At precisely nine o'clock the signal gur for the moving of the column was fired by Lieut, Col. Ross, chief of artillery of the 5th corps. Gen. Sherman and staff wheeled into line on Pennsylvania avenue amid the epeated cheers of thousands, while the adies and children bedecked the General repeated

and his horse with flowers.

Crowds of ladies on balconies and other places begged the General to look toward them, but he rode straight on, turning neither to the right nor the left, and apparatus rently unmoved by the magnificent greet ing which he received from the acres of people along the route.

people along the route.

Gen. Sherman and staff soon approached the head of the terraced seats that were crowded with ladies and gentlemen. The enthusiasm as he first appeared is almost indescribable. The vast masses rose and gave cheer upon cheer, which were continued for several moments. The music of a dozen bands could hardly be heard above the tumultuous welcome.

Upon arriving in front of Maj.-Gen. Augur's headquarters, Gen. Sherman removed

placed and brought by the fair hands of the The animal seemed to be inspired with the spirit of the occasion, and bore the con-queror most gracefully, bowing its fine head to the Presidential stand, thus dis-

Upon arriving at the stand he approached the President, and, after some conversation with him, shook hands with General

Grant and several others, and then took a seat near the President and remained there during the rest of the review. As the long columns of infantry and the batteries of artillery moved through Pennsylvania avenue, there was one general ex-pression of enthusiastic admiration from

cent marching and fine looking men that composed them.

It was generally conceded that the West overtopped the East in the physical appearance of her troops and their fine soldierly bearing.

Subscriptions to the Above Popular And Source of the Market, received at this office.

R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

And Special Agent for Jay Cooke.

Surgeon General Barnes has been brevet-ed Major General in the regular army.

The entire floating debt of the Treasury will be liquidated by the first of June.

Consultation of the Britadian debt of the Consultation of the Britadian debt of Gen. Logan will be tendered a Brigadier Generalship in the regular army, and assigned to an important command in the Texas expedition.

RIVER MATTERS.

A large number of troops will be sent west in a few days, en-route for Texas.

ARRIVALS.

DEPARTURES.
mati;
mphis;
le;
Us Transfer, Memphis;
Montana, White river;
Highlander, do. DEPAI Gen. Lytle, Cincinnati; St. Charles, do Golden Fagle, Memphis; Eluora, Evansville; Rose Hite. do; Pioneer, White river;

the field 80,000 men, every one of whom will be above thirteen years of age,
New York, May 25.—General Warren publishes a letter on the subject of his removal from command by the commander of the 5th corps. He says he was removed after the battle of Five Forks, and not an enemy in sight. He asked Sheridan for the reason of his removal, and he could not, or would not, give him any.

Ploneer, white has about at a stand all day yesterday, with 8 feet water in the canal last evening by the mark. During the previous 24 hours the river had not varied an inch at the head of the falls. The weather was rainy yesterday, a light rain falling nearly all day, making out door business on the falls there were 6 feet water last evening in the pass, with every prospect of

of April, from which it appears he received an order from Geners! Meade to report to him for duty after he had joined Sheridan, which he did, taking part in the battle of Five Forks. Perhaps this was his offense—obeying orders from Meade after being placed under command of Sheridan, though it does not appear.

Tan, and another rise is certain from that the part of the state of the list of cotton for Cincinnati, was still clinging to her hard berth on the falls, in the middle chute, last evening. A rise will float her off.

The officers of the Blue Wing No. 3, from Kentucky river vesterday, reported that

The 15th corps. Logan takes the Army of Tennessee.

CAIRO, May 25.—General Washburne states that the report from Memphis, telegraphed a few days since, giving an account of a plot among the negro troops there to massacre paroled rebel soldiers, and the subsequent shooting of colored troops, is false in every particular.

Twe ity vessels of the Mississippi fleet have been ordered to Cairo to be discharged. There is considerable cotton up Ouachita river waiting transportation.

It is reported at Little Rock that Kirby Smith is being reinforced by men from the east side of the Mississppi river.

Pacification in Arkansaw is progressing rapidly. The people are taking the management of the guerrillas in their own hands. About a thousand bales of cotton passed here in two days.

The Irene for St. Louis, and the E. F. Dix, for New Orleans, passed Cairo on the 23d.

The Lady Gay, from St. Louis, well freighted for New Orleans, passed Cairo on the 23d.

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We learn from the St. Louis Democrat that the Mississippi was falling, with "eighteen feet of water to Cairo, eight feet to Keokuk, four feet on the lower rap'ds, five feet on the upper rapids, five feet from Lake Pepin to St. Paul, nine feet in the Illinois, and five feet in the Missouri."

We learn by the Mobile papers that the Zephyr, Polar Star, Kate Dale, Sophia, St. Charles, Alice Vivian, and George Peabody ply between Mobile and New Orleans, and that the Peerless, Jacob Lawrence, Tarascon, and W. H. Osborn run between Selma and Mobile. Our dates are to the 14th. The rebel ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan, rebel ram Nashville and gunboat Morgan lately surrendered, arrived safely at Mobile

most every Levee in Louisiana, opposite, we are informed by those who seem to know, that the water is falling a little.
On the 16th the R. E. Hill, from the Yazoo, arrived at Vicksburg with 400 bales of cotton. On the 13th, the Dacotah and Shengar errived with 600 bales.

Shenango arrived with 600 bales.

The boating interest at Pittsburg Tuesday was quiet, and the R. L. Woodward had departed for Cincinnati well freighted. The Commercial says the Financier will load in turn for that port. The fine packet steamer Armadillo was detained, but will leave this day for Cairo and St. Louis. Among the boats in port waiting their turn are the Centralia, Lorena, Alice. Maggle Hays, Leonidas, Leonora No. 2, Nevada, and

others. splendid new steamer United States is the U.S. mail line packet to-day for Cin-cinnati and the East. She starts at noon, providing fare and accommodations for 300

We learn that the City Council of Cincinnati, and other dignitaries of that city, are the guests of the steamer United States to this city to-day. We suppose our city fathers will meet them with due courtesy and attention. The St. Nicholas is the comfortable and

The Gen. Buell is the afternoon mailboat

The Star Grey Eagle is the regular Friday mail and passenger packet for Owensboro, Evansville, and Henderson. She starts at 5 o'clock from Portland, and provides good fare and accommodations for passengers.

The Palestine, Capt. Crider, is loading for Nashville, and takes her departure to-mor-

row, Saturday evening. The Saint Patrick will be due from Memphis this evening. She is the regular Sat-

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

CINCINNATI, PER ST. CHARLES—40 boxes sta ibbett & Son; 45 bbls potatoes D Howell; 80 kitts fi

Upon arriving 10 from of Maj.-Gen. Augur's headquarters, Gen. Sherman removed his hat, rode toward the building and bowed very low at some person sitting at one of the second story windows.

The thousands who gazed at this unusual demonstration of respect wondered to whom it was given, but the recipient was no less a personage than Secretary Seward, who was reviewing the parade, accompanied by several members of his family.

The enthusiasm increased as Gen. Sherman drew near the Presidential stand. He came up with his head uncovered, and his eyes fixed upon the commander and General-in-Chief. President Johnson and General-in-Chief. President Johnson and General-in-Store the store of th

man drew hear the Fresidential stand. He came up with his head uncovered, and his eyes fixed upon the commander and General in-Chief. President Johnson and Gen. Grant stood together. His charger was decked with the choicest flowers, and CINCINNATI, PEB MAJOR ANDERSON-25 pkgs

playing an elegant mane, and champing his bit and pawing the ground with as much precision as if he was trying to take step to the music of the Union.

As Gen. Sherman saluted the President and Gen. Grant the latter tegether with

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF LOUISVILLE,

Lcuisville City National Bank

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

U. S. 7-80 LOAN.

S UBSCRIPTIONS FOR THIS VERY POPULAR LOAN recived at this Bank, Main street, above Third.

mas-1m R. S. MOXLEY, Cashier.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE,

FOURTH STREET, BELOW MAIN.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED FOR THE POPULAR

U. S. 7-30 Loan, Which is now being taken at the rate of four millions ay.
This Bank also does a general Banking, Exchange and mas-lim

U. S. 7-30 LOAN. THE PLANTERS' NATIONAL BANK HAVING been appointed an agent to receive subscriptions to this, the only LOAN now offered by the Government, is prepared to receive subscriptions from parties wishing to

invest, and recommend it to ALL PERSONS desiring a permanent and safe investment.

The notes are payable on the 15th of August, 1867, and bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. per annum, onvertable at maturity, at the option of the holder, in the popular 5.20 6 per cent. gold bonds, and are exempt

from State and municipal taxation.

marl-tf J. M. DUNCAN, President. Planters' National Bank OF LOUISVILLE. DIRECTORS:

J. F. SPEED. V. P. ABMSTRONG, LOUIS BEHM. THIS BANK WILL OPEN THIS MORNING IN THE Peoples' Bank Building, Hamilton Block, Sixth street, near Main, for the purpose of transacting a general Banking, Exchange and Collecting Business.

Particular and prompt attention will be given to collections.

J. M. DUNCAN, President.

J. W. BATCHELOB, Carh.

SASH SUPPORTER.

IMPORTANT NOTICE BUILDERS AND OWNERS OF DWEELING HOUSES. DUTTERWORTH'S S A S H
Supporters guaranteed to
give perfect satisfact on. A perfect, cheap and useful substitute
for sash cor's and weights. By
this invention the upper sash
when lowered, or the bottom
sash when raised, is securely retained in any priction required;
thereb- affording healthy ventilacts and the same and the same and
the insecurity of the ns and means
of keeping the of the sash in its
place when hoisted up and in the
blace when hoisted up and the
ville, Ky., and will promptly attend to all orders let at any residence on Green street, five done
or at the hardware store of *A
between Main and Market streets. COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PRESS, THURSDAY EVENING, May 25, 1865. There has been but a moderate degree of activity pre-vailing in the wholesale trade to day, the continued rainy weather during business hours tending to very materially check out door transactions. Trade with the south has not yet developed itself very actively, yet we notice fair reeipts of cotton, from divers points, the bulk of it, how ser, going into the hands of custom officers, and not such received in the regular way. In regard to whisky, e leading article of Cincinnati commerce, the Cincin-

the leading article of Cincinnati commerce, the Cincinnati Gazete of the 24th says:

The bottom is clear out of the shisky market. The price fell in New York to-day five cents below the tax. Here there were no buyers, Elealers have lost confidence, owing to the large amout that has been fraudule-ulty manufactured, and to the fact that Commissioner Lewis slip-shoot adminisy-ration gives no assurance that the frauds will be checked. Instead of punishing the guilty parties, as the law provides, he has been compromising with them, and releasing persons and property upon the payment of certain sums of money. Under this policy smuggling will prove profitable, and get to be respectable. What is required now is severity. We presume the new Commissioner will have a new policy.

The merchant of this city have agreed to support a regular line of packets to ply between this port and

regular line of packets to ply between this port and Nashville on the Cumberland river, the boats, as at present organized, to consist of the Tyrone, Bermuda, Pales tine, and Norman. They are to take freight and passen gers at uniform rates, and to have stated and regular days of departure.

The money market was rather unsettled to-day, with a material advance in gold at New York, as we learn by the dispatches to the Merchants' Exchange. The opening rate was 135%, advancing to 136% at 11 A. M., and closing at 138 at 12:30 P. M. The advance is mainly at tributable to the increasing export demand for specie The brokers have advanced their rates somewhat, though

| | Buying. | Selling. |
|-------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Go:d | 136 | 140 |
| Silver | 126 | 130 |
| Kentucky Banks | l dis. | |
| Indiana and Ohio | l dis. | |
| Kastern | dis. | |
| State Bank Tennessee | 30 | 33 |
| Planters' Bank, Tenn. | 45 | 50 |
| Planters' Bank, Tenn Union Bank, | 40 | 45 |
| Virginia and North Carolina | 20 | 25 |
| Georgia, South Carolina and Ala | oama 25 | 39 |
| Eastern Exchange | par. | 1-10 pr. |
| 5-20 Coupons | 134 | |
| 5-20 Bonds | 106 | 108 |
| Demand Notes | 134 | *00 |
| Government Vouchers | | R. |
| Orders on Washington | reyo u | |
| 10-40 Bonds | 05 | 96 |

COAL-Dealers continue to retail the best Pittsburg at 23c, delivered, and Pomeroy at 24c. Sales of Pomeroy to

spacious People's Line packet for Cincinnati and the East to-day. She starts at noon, connecting at Cincindati with the 6 A. M. trains for the North.

boats at 22c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—We quote green apples at \$60@30 per bbl, for choice selected. Dried apples at range from 7 to 9c for new per lb; dried peaches 20 22°c. range from 7 to 9c for new per lb; dried peaches 20322 Butter, 24@25c, in boxes or firkins; choice, 30@33c. Beesfor Cincinnati to-day. She starts at four wax buying at 25@40c. Brooms, common. 44 0:@5 00, best O'clock.

wax buying at 25@40c. Brooms, common. 44 0:@5 00, best Shaker \$6 30@6 50 % doz; Best Louisville 46 00, per lozen. Cheese-Western Reserve, in lots, 21@21%c to the trade, and 22c to retailers; Hamburg 22@22\c. Dairy cheese, choice, 23@24c. New cheese 18@19c, nett weight Feathers firm, and buyers are paying 10@52c. Flax seed buying at \$1 30@135. Ginser a buying at 70@75c. Beans ninal at \$2 00 or white. Potatoes are firm at \$3.50 in lots for cnoice Northern, Small sales at \$3.75. Onions—none in the market, Eggs we quote at 24@25c per dozen for fresh packed.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—The market is lower, but an advance is anticipated East on the rise of gold, with a sale of common sup rfine flour at \$6, a sale of 50 bbls plain extra at \$5 50, a sale of extra family at \$7 25@7 50. Wheat ranges from \$1 25 to 1 30 for red, and \$1 33@1 45 for white, Corn quiet at 75@95c. Oats dull at 60@65c. Early ranges from \$1 to 1.20, and Rye scarce at 85c. A sale of smutty wheat, some 305 bushels, was made at \$1.07. DOMESTICS-A sale of 10 bales Great Western thee

ngs at 37½c. HIDES—Green to butchers 4c, green salted 7c, dry flint 12c, and dry salted 1 c.
GROCERIES-Market quiet, with limited sales of Rio coffee at 31½@32c. Sugar dull, with sales Island at 15@16½c; the latter for choice Porto Rico. Sales of yellow in barrels at 17½@18½c, and white, or coffee sugar at 19@19%c, as to quality, Hard standard

or unwashed, and 55@60c for tub-washed. STARCH-The best Madison has declined, with sales i WHISKY-We quote raw nominal at \$2 per gallon.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Thursday.—The sales at the auction warehouses to-lay amounted to 272 hhds, including reviews, and 29 hhds rejected. Prices were sustained as follows

NINTH-STR # ET-3 hhds at \$4 25 to 470, 28 at \$5 15 to 80 13 at \$10 to 15 75, and 5 at \$16 to 17. LOUISVILLE—3 hhds at \$4 to 4 90, 32 at \$5 to 9 80, 10 at \$10 to 15 25, 7 at \$16 25 to 18 75, and 4 at \$21 to 24 75.

UNDERTAKING.

KING & OWEN.



UNDERTAKERS At the Old Stand, South-east corner Jef-

ferson and Third streets. HAVING THOROUGHLY CHANGED THE OLD house and fitted it up for our business in a style heretofore unknown in this city, we will devote our time exclusively to the burial of the dead, for which purpose we will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

I. C. SHULER & CO.'S

us; eelebrated Air-tight Galvanized Wrought Iron askets and Cases, which for lightness, durability, style ind finish, surpass anything before offered to the public We also keep on hand CRANE, BREED & CO. S and F. M. RAYAMOND & CO. S Metalic Burial Caskets and r. m. KAYMOND & CO.'S Metalic Burial Caskets an asses. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Coffins an offin Mountings. All calls attended to promptly night r day, in the city or country, by one of the firm in perm. The senior partner of this house has the exclusive agency for the sale of I. C. SHULER& CO.'S Caskets and Cases in the Eastern Division of Kentucky, commencing at the mouth of Salt River (excepting some three or four counties where they are now sold,) and is prepared to furnish Undertakers with them by calling at our office, corner Third and Jeffersons streets.

KING & OWEN, KING & OWEN.

W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER S. W. COR SEVENTH & JEFFERSON STS., LOUISVILLE, KY.



A Crane, Breed & Co.'s Latest Improved Patent ME-FALLIO BURIAI CASES AND CASKETS. Wooden ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO DAY OR NIGHT.

N. B. Having had the contract, since the commence ment of the war, for the burial of Deceased Soldiers, I am enabled to keep a complete register of the name, company regiment and hospital of all deceased soldiers in and about Louisville, Ky.

Relatives and friends can receive any information desired by addressing me at my office.

I keep constantly on hand metallic and sinc cases for shipping purposes.

FURNISHING COODS.

WM. W. MORRIS. EDW. HOGG. A. GOWDY. WM. W. MORRIS & CO

405 MAIN ST., 105 CHAMBERS ST., EOUISVILLE, KY, NEW YORK WHOLES - LE DEALMRE IN NOTIONS. STATIONERY, FURNISHING GOODS,

SUTLERS' GOODS, AT EASTERN PRICES. 405 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth

BEN. MASON, MERCHANT TAILOR AND DEALER IN

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. HAS THIS DAY RECEIVED A VERY COMPLETE FRENCH AND AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASSIMERS

VESTINGS. WHICH HE WILL SELL VERY LOW FOR CASH, LOUISVILLE, KY. marl-3m

STEAMBOATS.

1865. SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT.

Memphis Packet Co. Leaves Every Wednesday and Saturday
THE ELEGANT AND SUMPTUOUS
PASSENGER STEAMER CAPT. WES CONNER. ED. H. JUDGE, Clerk Will have Louisville for Memphs every WEDNESDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M., POSITIVELY.

THE FLEET AND ELEGANT

THE FLEET AND ELEGANT
ST. PATRICK

GEO. O. HART, Master
Will leave Louisville for Membins every SATURDAY at 4
o'clock P. M. These boats will land for freight and passengers at all way landings at regular racket rates,
Freight and ra sengers for White and Arkansas rivers
cecipted through at reasonable rates. Through tickets
for freight and pas-age to St. Louis at current rates. For
freight and pas-age apply on board or to
B. J. CAFFREY,
MOORHEAD & C.J.,
Agents.
T. M. ERWIN.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

PEOPLE'S LINE DAILY FOR CINCINNATI.

THE MACNIFICENT STEAMERS

ST. NICHOLAS, - - MEEKIN, Master. ST. CHARLES, - - - WATTS, Master. Will leave as above from the fot of Fourth street at 12 o'clock M., connecting at Christic chunch with the 5A. M. trains for all the Northern and Eastern cities. For freight or passage apply on board or to

B. J. CAFFREY, Agen',

1865. 1865. Louisville and Henderson

U. S. MAILBOATS, For Owensboro', Evansville and Henderson counceting at Evansville with the CAIRO AND EVANSVILLE PACKETS. The new and light draught steamers MORNING STAR and STAR GREY E *GLE will leave every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

NOTICE. A LL FREIGHTS AND PASSENGERS MUST BE AT the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the bosts will not be delayed after that time under any cir-comstances. Letters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Maiu and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M. J. H. BUNCE, Sup't.

MONDAY AND THURSDAY.

Independant Packet for Owensbero and The new and elegant stramer ELNORA, I. S. Richey, Master, Lou. Beeler, Clerk, will leave as above, from the City wharf, every MONDAY and THUISBOAY, at 50 clock P. M., POSITIVE-LY. For ireight or passage apply on board or to B. J. CAFREY, Agent, apr7-tf

Green River Packet. For Bowling Green and all way Landings.

THE NEW AND L'GHT DEAUGHT J. R. HOYLE,

FOR CINCINNATI

Regular Mail Line Packets. Connecting at Cincinnati with early Eastern trains. The magnificent passenger steamers GEN. LYTLEGODMAN, Master One of the above seam; rs will leave punctually at 12 o'clock Δ . M , daily, and the steamers GEN. BUELIFULLER, Master

will leave for the same port at 4 o'clock P. M. daily, Sun-days excepted. For freight or passace apply on board or JOSEPH CAMPHON. Agent, Office on Mail Co.'s Wharf boat, foot of Third street, map-tf PASSENGER STEAMER RUTH, GEO.
Pegram, commander; O. L. Smith, clerk;
will run r gularly between St. Louis, G-iro and New Orleans during the present year, and her departure from the
different points will be published in due time. This magnificent steam: r is at finished, the largest ever constructed in the west, has been specially appointed throughout
regardless of cost, for the accommodation of passensers.
Every approved invention has been adopted for safety,
strength, of the traveling public unequalited inducements
for safety, comfort and speed, with the attition of experienced and gentlemanty officers. T. M. ERWIN, and
MOOREHEAD & CO., Lettisville, Ky., agents.

PILOTING. NOTICE

To Captains and Owners of Steamers, Coalboats, Towboats, Barges and Rafts.

PROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL CAUSE TO E be indicted before the City Court all persons known y me for viclating the City Charter for piloting over the alls without a license from the city of Louisville, Ky. falls without a license from the city of Louisville, Ky., according to acts regulating fulls piloting.

D. M. DRYDEN, Falls Pilot.

Louisville, Ky., May 22, 1865.

The Captains and owners of steamers are subject to a fine for employing tuch persons, knowing the same.

M. D. M. D.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. J. M. DAVIS & CO., Commission Merchants And Wholesale Dealers in

OCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS. 627 Main St., between Sixth and Sevente, LOUISVILLE, KY.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO. GENERAL Commission and Forwarding Morchants, Mo. 428 Main Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A GENTS for different brands of Plug Tobacco, Flour A. Raw and Bourbor Whisky; also for Changeagne and Sparkling Catawba Winss. apl8 dtf J. C. RODGERS & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, BEANS, DRIED FRUITS, Salt and Coal. No. 220 Main Street, bet. Second and Third,

LOUISVILLE, KY. Refer by Permission to B. M., CUNNINGHAM, Cashier First National Bank, J. B. Smirth, Vice Fresident Beard of Trades, Dr. D. J. Ghiffiths, Examining Surgeon U. S. Army, inc.; inc.;

(Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.) TOBACCO AGENT AND General Commission Merchant, No. 315 Main st., bot. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

GEO. W. WICKS.

ABNER COOPER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
Butter, Cheese and Western Produce,
No. 314, Main, between Third and Fourth acr.

CASH paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beans, Dried
Fruits, Gineson and Beeswax.

CASH paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beans, Dried
Fruits, Gineson and Beeswax.

Structure of the main the same may be conformed as forested.

No. 314, Main, between Third and Fourth acr.

CASH paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beans, Dried
Fruits, Gineson and Beeswax.

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CAS FITTING.

CARR & RYAN.

PRACTICAL Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and GAS AND STEAM FITTERS

AND PLUMBERS Medical College Building, Corner Fifth and Green Streets, Louisville, Ky.

BREWERY. WM. PADDON & SON.

BREWERS OF PURE XX AND XXX.

Pale, Amber, Stock and Bitter ALES AND BEER. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SHIPMENTS. CITY BREWERY, SIXTH ST., WEST SIDE, BET. MAIN & WATER, LOUISVILLE, KY.



LOUISVILLE OPTICAL INSTITUTE, MAIN STREET, UNDER THE NATIONAL HOTEL.



copes, Drawing Instruments, Mirrors, Surveyors' and Artificial Eyes Inserted without

Causing Pain. ### Spheroidal Glasses set in old frames.

Spheroidal Classes will be sent to order if it states whether the expension of the sent or sunk, and what length of pectacles have an used.

RACES.

WOODLAWN ASSOCIATION. COURSE. LOUISVILLE, KY.

Spring Meeting, 1865, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 5, And continuing during the week.

ASSOCIATION STAKE. ASSOCIATION STAKE,

the subscribers, agree to run a Sweepstake Race
the Woodlawn Association Course, on Monday, First
Spring Meeting, 1865, mile heats, f r Colts and Filhen 3 years old, 4100 subscription, \$50 forleit, \$230
d by the Association, provided the race is run, the
fition of the country not preventing, whice shall be
led by the officers of the Association. If any suber shall lose his hor-e by the casualties of war, his
y shall be deemed void. Three or more subscribers to
he Stake Closed first day of March, 1865, with the
wing anties:

Sclipse. John M. Clay names b c, by Revenue, dam by Yorkrkshire.

A. Alexander names b f, by Lexington, dam by

Margrave
R. A. Alexander names bc, by Lexington, dam by
Brown Dick,
R. A. Alexander names bc, "Asterisk," by Ringcold, Frank Sherritt names b f, by Knight of St. George

sylvania. Isaac W. Pennock names b c, "Jockrisse," by Van dal, dam by Travel r. B. G. Wilkinson names ch c, by Second Altorf, dam on names ch c, by Second Altorf, dam by Job. W. S. Buford names ch c, by Ringgold, dam by Glen-coe, by Dammoth. SECOND DAY-TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1855. THIRD DAY-WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1865. lile Heats, all ages......Purse, \$200

FOURTH DAY-THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1865.

FIFTH DAY-FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1865 WOODBURN STAKE.

We, the subscribers, agree to run a Sweepstake Race over the Woodlawn Association Course, on Friday. Fith Day, Spring Meeting, 1865, two-mile heats, for Colts and Fulles then 3 years old, \$200 subscription, \$100 forfeit, \$500 and the property of the Country not preventing, which shall be decided by the efficers of the Association. If any subscriber shall lose his horse by the casualties of war, his entry shall be deemed void. Three or more subscribers to fill the stake. Cleed 1st day of March, 1865, with the following entry shall see the subscribers to fill the stake. he stake. Clesed ist day be and the first angle of the first angle of

A. Alexander names bc, by Lexington, dam by in Hunter names b f, by Revenue, dam Sally dam Olycora. Thos. Buford names b c, by Ringgold, dam by Imp. Sar-

SIXTH DAY-SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1865. Three-mile heats, all ages.....Purse, \$800

MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. No. 200
The District of the United States within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1865, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States within and for the District of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in a sawell in belief of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in a sawell in belief of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in a sawell in belief of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in a sawell in belief of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in a sawell in belief of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in a sawell in belief of Kentucky, who prosecutes here in the District of Kentucky of the United States in the States of May, A. D. 1865, as forfeited to the United States, and against the same that said goods and articles were seized on water in the District of Kentucky on the States, and the Citizens and inhabitants of said State of Miss said articles, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appraying process against the same these of America, and praying process against the same these of America, and praying process against the same these of America, and praying process against the same these of America, and praying process against the same these of America, and praying process against the same these of America, and praying processand the regulations of the Teasury Department of the United States, and districts, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and applied to the Country of the United States, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and applied to the Country of the United States, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and applied to the Country of the United States, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and applied to the Country of the United States, or the District Court of the United States, within and if the District Court of the United States, within and if the District of Kentucky, on the Ist of the United States, within and if the District of Kentucky, on the Ist of the United States, within

Agent for the sale of Mayaville, Ky., OCTTON YAENS, TWINE, &c. 1729 dtf

MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, No. 297 United States of America

by give public notice to all persons claiming said articles of the persons claiming said articles persons the persons claiming said articles per before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its next June term, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1855 then and there to interpose their claims and to make the sailegations in that behalf.

JOSHUA TEVIS, United States Attorney.

Dated: May, A. D. 1855.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, No. 292 DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY

WHEREAS, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 2d day of May, A.

DISTS by Loghus Toric Scories. their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.

JOSHUA TEVIS. U. S. Attorney.

Dated: May 15, 1865.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, \ No. 290 USTRED STATE OF KENTUCKY: 147 HEUEAS, an information has been filed in the Viriet Court of the United States, within and f District of Kentucky, on the 2d day of May, A. D

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, No. 289

DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY:

SS.

WHEREAS, an information has been filed in this District O urt of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1886, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire. Attoracy for the United States for the District of Kentucky, who pro-secures herein, in behalf of the United States, against 24 men's shoes, 4 pair men's boots, 2 paper b xes of hats, about 22, 4 boxes cotton cards, about two doz n each, albeing in substance that sid goods and a ticles were seized on water in the District of Kentucky on the "4th day of April, A. D. 1885, as forf 'dred to the United States: than said articles were shipped from the port of Paducah, in said District of Kentucky on the "4th day of April, A. D. 1885, as forf 'dred to the United States: than said articles were shipped from the port of Paducah, in said District of Kentucky on the "4th day of April, A. D. 1885, to the State of Congress and the Proclamatic on the President of the Act of Congress and the Proclamatic on the President of the United States interdicting all comments of the rest of the United States, and against the r gulations of the Tensury Department of the United States, and sagainst the r gulations of the Tensury Department of the United States. And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of Ameria, and praying process because the area of Ameria, and praying process because the same flay be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid

file Heats, three best in five, all ages......Purse, \$500

became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same flax be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid Now, therefore, in pursuace of the monition under the scal of said Court to me directed and delivered, i do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said articles, or in any manner interest diherein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the city of Louisville, in and for said District, on the first day of its rext June term, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1885, then said there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERRIK WETHER, U. S. M. K. D. JOSHUA TEVIS, U. S. Attorney.

Dated: A. D. 1885.

mail-life